



CAISSE D'AMORTISSEMENT DE LA DETTE SOCIALE

Établissement public national administratif (French national public entity)

(Established in Paris, France)

EURO 65,000,000,000

GLOBAL MEDIUM TERM NOTE PROGRAMME

This first prospectus supplement (the "**Supplement**") is supplemental to and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus dated 18 June 2012 (the "**Base Prospectus**") prepared by the *Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale* ("**CADES**" or the "**Issuer**") with respect to the Euro 65,000,000,000 Global Medium Term Note Programme (the "**Programme**"). On 18 June 2012, the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the "**CSSF**") approved the Base Prospectus as a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC, as amended by Directive 2010/73/EU (the "**Prospectus Directive**"). Terms defined in the Base Prospectus have the same meaning when used in this Supplement.

This Supplement has been prepared pursuant to Article 16.1 of Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended by Directive 2010/73/EU, the "**Prospectus Directive**").

By virtue of this Supplement, CADES is providing the following information: (i) an updated list of the members of the supervisory committee (*comité de surveillance*) and (ii) the semi-annual financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2012.

Copies of the Base Prospectus and of this Supplement will be available without charge (i) on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu) and (ii) on the website of the Issuer (www.cades.fr).

Save as disclosed in this Supplement, there has been no other significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in the Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of Notes issued under the Programme since the publication of the Base Prospectus.

To the extent that there is any inconsistency between (a) any statement in this Supplement and (b) any other statement in the Base Prospectus, the statements in (a) above will prevail.

In the case of a public offer of Notes pursuant to the Base Prospectus, investors who have already agreed to purchase or subscribe for any such Notes of the Issuer before this Supplement is published have the right, no later than 22 October 2012, to withdraw their acceptances.

This Supplement has been prepared for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer and the Notes to be issued under the **Programme** additional to the information already contained or incorporated by reference in the Base Prospectus. The Issuer, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, confirms that the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Supplement is, to the best of its knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect the import of such information. The Issuer accepts responsibility accordingly.

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THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

The section '*Description of Issuer - The Supervisory Committee*' on page 63 of the Base Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced by the following:

The Supervisory Committee reviews and comments on CADES' annual report and may assist the Board of Directors on any matter at the request of the Board of Directors, according to the CADES Law.

The Supervisory Committee is composed of four members of Parliament, including two deputies and two senators, the chairmen of national social security funds (*Caisses nationales de sécurité sociale*), the general secretary of the social security accounting commission, and representatives of ministries and members of the boards of directors of national entities of the general regime of the French social security system and of the *Caisse nationale d'assurance maladie et maternité des travailleurs non salariés des professions non agricoles*.

At the date hereof, the members of the Supervisory Committee are:

- Valérie Rabault, Deputy, nominated by the *Président* of the National Assembly (*Assemblée Nationale*);
- Bernard Accoyer, Deputy, nominated by the *Président* of the National Assembly (*Assemblée Nationale*);
- Yves Daudigny, Senator, nominated by the *Président* of the French Senate (*Sénat*);
- Jean-Pierre Caffet, Senator, nominated by the *Président* of the French Senate (*Sénat*);
- Julien Dubertret, nominated by the Ministry of the Economy, Industry and Employment;
- Ramon Fernandez, nominated by the Ministry of the Economy, Industry and Employment;
- François Tanguy, nominated by the Ministry of the Economy, Industry and Employment;
- Bernard Billon, nominated by the Ministry in charge of Social Security;
- Thomas Fatome, nominated by the Ministry in charge of Social Security;
- Jean Picot, nominated by the Ministry in charge of Social Security;
- Christian Ligeard, nominated by the Ministry in charge of Agriculture;
- Catherine Demier, member of the *Cour des Comptes*;
- Véronique Hespel, member of the *Inspection Générale des Finances*;
- Michel Laroque, member of the *Inspection Générale des Affaires sociales*;
- François Monier, general secretary of the accounting committee for social security;
- Michel Regereau, chairman of the CNAMTS;
- Gérard Riviere, chairman of the CNAVTS;
- Jean-Louis Deroussen, chairman of the CNAF;
- Jean-Eudes Tesson, chairman of the ACOSS;
- Franck Gambelli, president of the commission in charge of accidents at work and occupational diseases; and
- Gérard Quevillon, president of the specific social regime of independent workers (RSI).

SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following semi-annual financial statements will be incorporated into the Base Prospectus immediately following page F-141. These semi-annual financial statements have been prepared by CADES and have been subject to a limited review by KPMG Audit.

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¹ The Issuer accepts responsibility for the free translation into the English language of the Independent auditor's report on limited review of the Half-Year Financial Statement.

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. MISSION STATEMENT

Order No. 96-50 dated 24 January 1996² established the Social Security Debt Repayment Fund (*Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale – CADES*) on 1 January 1996. CADES is an administrative public agency (*Etablissement Public à Caractère Administratif – EPA*) supervised by the French Minister of the Economy and Finance and the Minister in charge of Social Security.

CADES' mission is to:

- Amortize the social security debt transferred to it, i.e. the cumulative deficits of the Central Agency of Social Security Bodies (*Agence Centrale des Organismes de Sécurité Sociale – ACOSS*); and
- Make payments to various social security funds and organisations.

CADES' mandate has been extended beyond 31 January 2014 as decided initially to until such date as the social security debt transferred to it has been fully extinguished.

In the furtherance of its mission, CADES receives the proceeds of a special tax known as the social security debt repayment contribution (*Contribution pour le Remboursement de la Dette Sociale – CRDS*), introduced in Chapter 2 of the aforementioned Order. It also received the proceeds from the sale of property assets owned and leased by the national agencies falling under the basic social security scheme and ACOSS.

Since 2009, a 0.2% portion of the supplementary social security contribution (*Contribution Sociale Généralisée – CSG*) had been paid to CADES. From 2011 this portion was increased to 0.48% for CSG on all taxable employment income, unemployment and similar benefits, income from property and investment proceeds; and to 0.28% for profits from gaming.

Starting in 2011, two new resources have been allocated to CADES:

- a 1.3% share of the social levies on income from property and investments;
- an annual payment of €2.1 billion from the Retirement Reserve Fund (*Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR*) until 2024 inclusive.

CADES is authorised to borrow funds, in particular via public offerings and the issuance of negotiable debt securities.

Moreover, CADES benefits from repayments of receivables from foreign social security agencies to the national health insurance fund for salaried workers (*Caisse Nationale d'Assurance Maladie des Travailleurs Saliés – CNAMTS*).

Lastly, in accordance with Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004, any future surpluses generated by the health insurance branch of the French social security system will be allocated to CADES. The Social Security Finance Act will define the terms under which this transfer will take place.

2. ORGANIZATION OF THE AGENCY

CADES is overseen by a Board of Directors and a Supervisory Board.

The composition of the Board of Directors was altered by Decree No. 2011-458 of 26 April 2011. It now comprises a majority of representatives of social security bodies, whereas it was previously composed solely of government representatives.

It is governed by the provisions of Decree No. 53-1227 dated 10 December 1953 (and amendments thereto), relating to the

² As modified by Social Security Finance Act No. 97-1164 of 19 December 1997, Act No. 98-1194 of 23 December 1998, the 2001, 2002, and 2006 Finance Acts, the 2003, 2004, 2006 and 2008 Social Security Finance Acts, Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004 relating to health insurance, Organic Law No. 2005-881 of 2 August 2005, Act No. 2008-1249 of 1 December 2008, Order No. 2009-80 of 22 January 2009, Act No. 2009-1646 of 24 December 2009, Act No. 2010-476 of 12 May 2010, Organic Law No. 2010-1380 of 13 November 2010, Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, Act No. 2010-1657 of 29 December 2010, Act No. 2010-1658 of 29 December 2010 and Act No. 2011-1906 of 21 December 2011.

accounting policies applicable to French administrative public agencies, and of Decree No. 62-1587 dated 29 December 1962 (and amendments thereto), defining general public-sector accounting rules, subject to the legal provisions and regulations specific to CADES (aforementioned Order of 24 January 1996, and Decree No. 96-353 dated 24 April 1996).

Pursuant to the provisions of the aforementioned Decrees, financial and accounting transactions fall under the responsibility of Mr. Patrice Ract Madoux, the Authorising Officer of CADES and Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Mr. Didier Maupas, its Chief Accounting Officer and a Finance ministry budgetary and accounting auditor.

CADES' annual budget is drawn up by 30 November of the previous year by the Board of Directors and approved by the ministers who supervise the agency.

Financing is limited to appropriated funds, excluding expenses related to the repayment of loans, financial management costs, and assessment and collection charges.

The Board of Directors reviews and signs off the accounts drawn up by the Accounting Officer. The financial statements are then forwarded to the General Director of the Public Finances Directorate (*Direction Générale des Finance Publiques – DGFIP*) prior to submission to the Government Audit Office (*Cour des Comptes*).

CADES' Board of Directors examines and approves the accounts. In parallel, the Board ensures that CADES maintains a healthy underlying financial basis over its scheduled lifetime by updating its revenue forecasts on the basis of changes in the amortisation schedule of the debt carried on the balance sheet as a liability and debt servicing charges.

Accounting procedures and principles are subject to a contractual, independent audit. In addition, CADES is subject to financial audits conducted by the government, in accordance with the Order of 19 May 2009; and audits carried out by the Government Audit Office.

Accounting transactions are recorded by CADES in an information system managed using software that is shared by the Authorising Officer and the Accounting Officer. The system is networked and features a single database. Authorisations for displaying and processing data have been clearly defined so as to enable the Accounting Officer and the Authorising Officer to exercise their respective powers.

3. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR RECORDING ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

Accounting framework

Article 7 of Decree No. 96-353 of 24 April 1996, relating to CADES, calls for the adoption of a special chart of accounts drawn up in accordance with the standard chart of accounts for administrative public agencies (Instruction M 9-1 from the Public Finances Directorate).

This chart of accounts being modelled on the general chart of accounts, it was found to be poorly suited to CADES' activity. Consequently, the Board of Directors decided on 10 October 1996 to adopt the chart of accounts used by credit institutions.

Consequently, both the transactions and the annual financial statements submitted by the Accounting Officer are presented in accordance with standards specific to credit institutions. In addition, separate financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the regulatory standard set out in Instruction M 9-1, for submission to audit organisations.

This specific accounting framework was recommended by an independent consulting firm and approved by the Authorising Officer, the Accounting Officer, the General Directorate of Public Accounting and the French Accounting Standards Board (*Conseil National de la Comptabilité – CNC*) (Opinion No. 99-04, plenary session of 18 March 1999).

Transactions executed by the Accounting Officer

Transactions executed by CADES' Accounting Officer differ from those traditionally executed by Accounting Officers at other administrative public agencies.

Due to CADES' status as a market participant, specific structures have been set up in conformity with the agency's mission. For example, financing transactions are distinguished from administrative transactions.

1. Financing transactions

The administrative workflow of financing transactions reflects the existence of Front Office, Middle Office and Back Office services.

The Front Office is responsible for transactions in the financial, interest rate and currency markets, in accordance with

defined limits and procedures. These routine transactions relate to financing, investment and the management of interest rate and foreign exchange exposures.

A sequentially numbered ticket is issued for each transaction, describing its main features, and validated by the Front Office. The Back Office then verifies and validates the ticket before forwarding it to the Accounting Officer.

The Middle Office gathers information on cash positions, draws up forecasts, provides repayment schedules, and performs a first-level plausibility check of Front Office transactions.

The Back Office records and validates the transactions processed by the Front Office after verifying that formal presentation and threshold requirements are met. The Back Office monitors risk, produces reports and liaises with the Accounting Departments.

The Accounting Officer then records transaction tickets as income or expenses.

2. Administrative transactions

Performance of the administrative section of the budget is done in compliance with the provisions of the Decree of 29 December 1962, which sets forth general public-sector accounting policies. Administrative expenses are evidenced by payment orders and income by receipt orders, accompanied by the appropriate supporting vouchers and documents.

After due completion of the control procedures described in Articles 12 and 13 of the aforementioned Decree, items of expenditure and income are recognised in the accounts and the amounts are paid or collected.

3. Cash movements

CADES has opened a euro-denominated deposit account in the books of SCBCM Finances that is listed in the register of government accounts.

In the books of CADES, entries to the debit of this account record expenses falling within the administrative budget. Only the Accounting Officer may authorize these payments. Entries to the credit of this account record revenue from CRDS, CSG and social levies on property and investment income paid over by the Public Treasury network. This takes the form of daily transfers from General Treasury offices.

Since 1 September 2005, CADES has had its own remunerated account with the Banque de France that is distinct from the dedicated Treasury account. Movements to this account comprise all euro-denominated financial transactions completed by CADES and all CRDS and CSG revenue paid over by ACOSS. Once again, only the Accounting Officer may authorize expenditures.

The balance on the deposit account is transferred to CADES' own account twice weekly.

In addition, CADES has opened accounts with foreign financial institutions in New York, London and Frankfurt. These are intended to be zero-balance accounts. They record all transactions related to CADES issues in currencies other than the euro and their transformation into euro-denominated structures on the international markets.

Due to management constraints attributable primarily to the time lag between the European, Asian, American and Australian markets, CADES has been dispensed from applying the provision of the Decree of 29 December 1962, which states that only public accounting officers may authorize transactions affecting the financial accounts. Accordingly, the Back Office carries out transactions on CADES' foreign currency accounts.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

NET DEBT AT REPAYMENT VALUE

(€millions)

At 30 June 2012	142,568
At 30 June 2011	135,343
At 31 December 2011	142,475

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
Net profit	4,978	5,017	11,768
Primarily reflecting the following items:			
CRDS and CSG net revenue	5,696	5,484	11,796
Social levies on income from property and investments net of expenses	452	370	1,576
Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR</i>)	1,050	1,050	2,100
Payments to the French State	-	-	-
Payments to social security agencies	-	-	-
Interest expenses	(2,220)	(1,887)	(3,794)

BALANCE SHEET

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
ASSETS			
Cash in hand, balances with central banks and post office banks (Note 1)	29,541.54	207.58	8,438.91
Treasury bills and other bills eligible for refinancing with central banks (Note 1)	400.01	0.00	150.01
Loans and advances to credit institutions (Note 1)			
- Repayable at sight	1.12	17.33	0.75
- Repayable at term	0.00	7,312.39	5,165.53
Intangible assets (Note 2)	0.02	0.01	0.01
Tangible assets (Note 2)	0.14	0.18	0.16
Property assets (Note 13a)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other assets (Note 3)	65.40	163.56	179.12
Prepayments and accrued income (Note 4)	5,948.45	2,597.54	5,463.10
TOTAL ASSETS	35,866.67	10,298.59	19,397.59
LIABILITIES & RESERVES			
Amounts owed to credit institutions (Note 5)			
- Payable at sight	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Payable at term	1,018.18	20.00	1,026.47
Debts evidenced by securities (Note 6)			
- Negotiable debt instruments	35,983.91	33,024.55	42,880.68
- Bonds and similar instruments	136,454.69	109,676.72	114,046.95
- Other debts evidenced by securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other liabilities (Note 7)	4,782.46	672.82	3,418.79
Accruals and deferred income (Note 8)	2,061.92	3,562.72	789.23
Sub-total – Liabilities	180,301.16	146,956.81	162,162.12
Provisions (Note 8)	0.23	0.21	0.21
Property endowment	181.22	181.22	181.22
Retained earnings	(149,594.02)	(141,857.17)	(154,623.81)
Profit for the period	4,978.07	5,017.52	11,677.85
Sub-total – Reserves	(144,434.72)	(136,658.43)	(142,764.74)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESERVES	35,866.67	10,298.59	19,397.59

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Period (€millions)	ended	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
Interest receivable and similar income (Note 9)		268.47	156.63	318.08
- From transactions with credit institutions		70.83	31.57	77.84
- From bonds and other fixed income securities		0.29	10.46	10.83
- Other interest receivable and similar income		197.35	114.60	229.41
Interest payable and similar charges (Note 10)		(2,443.69)	(1,998.74)	(4,049.59)
- On transactions with credit institutions		(35.90)	(51.03)	(152.85)
- On bonds and other fixed income securities		(2,407.79)	(1,947.71)	(3,896.74)
Fees payable (Note 10)		(43.35)	-43.62	(60.09)
Gains and losses on trading securities (Note 11)		0.14	0.14	(0.29)
- Net profit (loss) on foreign exchange transactions		0.14	0.14	(0.29)
Gains and losses on investment securities (Note 11a)		0.00	0.00	0.00
- Net profit (loss) on investment securities		0.00	0.00	0.00
Other operating income – banking		0.00	0.00	0.00
Other operating charges – banking		(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.02)
NET BANKING INCOME		(2,218.48)	(1,885.60)	(3,791.91)
General operating charges (Note 13)		(1.34)	(1.40)	(2.89)
- Staff costs		(0.49)	(0.56)	(1.00)
- Other administrative expenses		(0.85)	(0.84)	(1.89)
Depreciation and impairment provisions - intangible and tangible assets		(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.04)
Other operating income		7,228.79	6,934.36	15,656.58
- Income relating to CRDS and CSG (Notes 12a and 12.1a)		5,724.24	5,512.05	11,942.02
- Income relating to social levies on income from property and investments Note 12.2a)		454.55	371.88	1,607.38
- Income from Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR</i>) Note 12.3)		1,050.00	1,050.00	2,100.00
- Income from property (Note 13a)		0.00	0.43	0.43
- Provisions reversed for CRDS and CSG loans (Notes 12a and 12.1a)		0.00	0.00	6.75
Other operating charges		(30.88)	(29.82)	(184.48)
- Charges relating to CRDS and CSG (Notes 12a and 12.1a)		(28.61)	(27.73)	(105.11)
- Charges relating to social levies on income from property and investments (Note 12.2a)		(2.27)	(2.09)	(31.47)
- Payments to the State (Note 14)		0.00	0.00	0.00
- Payments to social security agencies (Note 14)		0.00	0.00	0.00
- Provision for doubtful debts relating to CRDS and CSG (Notes 12a and 12.1a)		0.00	0.00	(47.89)
- Charges related to property (Note 13a)		0.00	0.00	(0.01)
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT		4,978.07	5,017.52	11,677.26
OPERATING PROFIT		4,978.07	5,017.52	11,677.26
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		4,978.07	5,017.52	11,677.26
- Exceptional income (Note 15)		0.00	0.00	0.59
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		4,978.07	5,017.52	11,677.85

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flow (€millions)	Period ended	30 June 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Net banking income		(2,218)	(3,792)	(3,014)
Inflation premiums		212	287	170
Provisions for financial instruments		0	0	0
Amortisation of premiums and balancing payments		(24)	(31)	(15)
Change in accrued interest		187	266	98
Net cash from (used in) banking activities	(A)	(1,843)	(3,270)	(2,760)
Net operating income		7,197	15,469	8,151
(Increase) decrease in accrued income from CRDS and CSG		118	(447)	88
(Increase)/decrease in accruals on social levies set at 2.2%		(56)	(76)	0
(Increase)/decrease in deferred expenses		(2)	7	(2)
Unearned income (FRR)		1,050	0	0
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	(B)	8,307	14,953	8,237
Net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities	(C=A+B)	6,464	11,683	5,477
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(D)	16,281	55,341	4,066
Debt assumed	(E)	(6,648)	(67,767)	0
Net cash flow for the year	(C+D+E)	(16,098)	(742)	9,543
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period		13,755	14,497	4,955
Cash and cash equivalents at close of period		29,853	13,755	14,497
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		16,098	(742)	9,543

The cash flow statement takes into account the following items:

- **A – net cash from (used in) banking activities**
This is net banking income (debts plus income from derivatives and cash instruments) less income and expenses with no effect on the cash position (provisions, amortisation of issuance and redemption premiums, accrued interest, revaluation of index-linked bonds, etc.).
- **B – net cash from (used in) operating activities**
This is the operating profit or loss (mainly income from CRDS and CSG, social levies on income from property and investments and from the FRR) less income and expenses with no effect on the cash position (accrued income or deferred expenses).
- **C – net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities**
This consists of net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities (C = A + B).
- **D – net cash from (used in) financing activities**
These are the cash flows resulting from debt issuance and debt repayment during the period.
- **E – social security debt assumed**
Social security debt assumed represents the disbursements made during the period by CADES in respect of debt assumed from social security funding organisations.

The net change in cash and cash equivalents reflects the following cash flows:

- net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities (C);
- net cash from (used in) financing activities (D); and
- social security debt assumed (E).

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

At (€millions) (notes 16-18)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
COMMITMENTS GIVEN (note 18)			
Financing commitments			
Payments to various social security bodies (Article 4.IV of Order 96-50 of 24 January 1996)	-	-	-
- First assumption of debt provided for by the 2011 Social Security Finance Act	5,780.55	13,000.00	2,700.00
- Second assumption of debt provided for by the 2011 Social Security Finance Act	52,271.40	62,000.00	62,000.00
Financing commitments given: acquired under repurchase agreements	300.00	97.00	69.04
COMMITMENTS RECEIVED (note 18)			
- From credit institutions: credit lines	9,700.00	13,700.00	9,700.00
- From credit institutions: credit lines in treasury bills	2,000.00	6,000.00	5,000.00
- Financing commitments received: borrowings	3,052.84	2,054.07	-
- Financing commitments received: commercial paper and lent under repurchase agreements	129.48	17.30	81.98
- Financing commitments received: payments from the Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites</i>)	25,200.00	27,300.00	27,300.00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FIRST HALF OF 2012

- Social security debts assumed

Under the 2011 Social Security Funding Act (*Loi de Financement de la Sécurité Sociale – LFSS*) 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, CADES was required to take on the following new debts:

Firstly, up to a maximum of €68 billion and by 31 December 2011 at the latest:

- the 2009 and 2010 deficits for the three branches Sickness, Maternity, Incapacity and Death; Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers; and Family.
- the provisional 2011 deficit for the two branches Sickness, Maternity, Incapacity and Death; and Family.

Decree No. 2011-20 of 5 January 2011 set the dates and amounts to be paid, in a total amount of €65.30 billion.

Secondly, the 2011 to 2018 deficits for the Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers branch, subject to an overall maximum of €62 billion and a yearly maximum of €10 billion. These payments are to be made by 30 June each year as from 2012.

The details of these payments (€9.73 billion) were established by Decree No. 2012-329 of 7 March 2012.

This decree takes into account an adjustment of €3.08 billion in favour of CADES, arising from the difference between on the one hand the cumulative amount of the deficits recorded for 2009 and 2010 plus the provisional deficit for 2011 and, on the other hand, the amount of the payments made by CADES in 2011 under this heading.

The provisional amount of the transfers that CADES made to ACOSS in 2012 in respect of the provisional 2011 deficit of the Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers branch was set at €9.73 billion. This amount, which has been duly transferred, was offset by the amount of the adjustment in respect of the 2009 and 2010 deficits, and came to €6.65 billion. Since the amount of the deficits for the two branches in respect of 2011 is still provisional and not approved by decree, the difference between the maximum amount assumed in accordance with Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010 (€68 billion) and the payments made by CADES (€62.22 billion) continues to be recognised off-balance sheet under commitments given (€5.78 billion).

Similarly, future deficits of the Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers branch remaining to be assumed at 30 June 2012 have been recognised off-balance sheet as commitments given, in the amount of €2.27 billion.

- **Financing transactions**

Issues (excluding commercial paper)

CADES borrowed €24.89 billion:

- three new issues under the UK programme (two in USD and one in EUR) for an amount of €1.80 billion;
- one tap issue under the UK programme (in EUR) for an amount of €0.5 billion;
- nineteen new issues under the French programme (one in GBP, thirteen in EUR, two in JPY and three in NOK) for an amount of €12.44 billion;
- thirteen tap issues under the French programme (twelve in EUR and one in GBP) for an amount of €6.89 billion;
- two issues of negotiable medium-term notes for an amount of €0.26 billion.

Redemptions (excluding commercial paper)

CADES reimbursed €3.82 billion at maturity:

- one issue made under the French programme for an amount of €3.5 billion;
- three issues made under the UK programme (in USD) for an amount of €0.32 billion;

CADES reimbursed three loans early for an amount of €34 million.

Inflation swaps

Two inflation swaps matured in the first half of 2012 for an amount of €50 million.

- Credit lines

Commitments received as at 30 June 2012 comprise:

- four back-up credit lines totalling €700 million which are cancellable by the counterparty at 30 days' notice;
- one bilateral line for the purchase of commercial paper issued by CADES for a total amount of €2 billion maturing on 23 August 2012; and
- a credit line for an amount of €9 billion due on 14 December 2012 and cancelled on 3 August 2012.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND METHODS

1. Basis of valuation and presentation

The accounting policies adopted by CADES meet two requirements.

Given that the activity of CADES is essentially financial, the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting regulations applicable to credit institutions and financial institutions as well as with generally accepted accounting principles in France. In particular, CADES has applied the accrual concept and the prudence concept.

The presentation of the financial statements complies with Regulation 91-01 of 16 January 1991 as amended, issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee (*Comité de la Réglementation Bancaire et Financière – CRBF*) relating to the preparation and publication of the individual accounts of credit institutions. In its opinion CNC 99-04, the French National Accounting Board (*Conseil National de la Comptabilité – CNC*) decided that CADES could present certain transactions in a manner specific to it. Accordingly, in its profit and loss account, CADES records operating income and expenses, which are mainly composed of the revenue drawn from the CRDS and CSG and from property transactions, and payments to the State and social security funding organisations.

These accounts are then aggregated to comply with the chart of accounts applicable to administrative public undertakings in accordance with the requirements of Instruction M9-1, before being submitted to the Government Audit Office.

2. Specific characteristics of CADES

CADES has been tasked with paying down the debt transferred to it. The profit or loss therefore measures its capacity to reduce its own debt, and corresponds to the resources allocated to it less the financial costs relating to its debt with third parties.

The profit and loss account should be interpreted in light of the specific mission entrusted to CADES, the sole purpose of which is to extinguish a debt over its scheduled term.

3. Changes in accounting policies and methods compared with previous years

No changes were made to accounting principles and methods in the first half of 2012.

4. Debts assumed from social security funding organisations

The payments CADES makes in respect of debts assumed from social security funding organisations in accordance with the social security deficit funding acts are recognised against the profit and loss account brought forward.

When CADES' payments to the social security bodies as determined on the basis of the provisional deficits are greater than the deficits subsequently established, an adjustment may be made in CADES' favour. These adjustments are recognised against the profit and loss account brought forward at the time of the payment.

Debts assumed in accordance with legal stipulations but for which payments have not yet been made to the organisations are recorded as off-balance sheet commitments (see Note 18).

5. CADES' resources

5.1 Contribution to the repayment of the social security debt

- Revenue explicitly allocated to CADES

The social security debt repayment contribution (CRDS) defined by Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 was explicitly created to provide resources to CADES. Article 6 of said Order states that "the proceeds of the contributions created in respect of Chapter 2 of said Order on repayment of the social security debt shall be allocated to Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale".

- A broad-based tax

The tax is levied on multiple sources of income. One can distinguish:

- On the one hand, employment income and unemployment and similar benefits: salaried income, redundancy payments and retirement indemnities (under certain conditions), retirement and disability pensions, sickness and maternity benefits, housing benefits, family allowances, and child-minding benefits, etc., and
- On the other hand, income from property, from investments, from the sale of precious metals and gems, and from gaming.

Contributions assessed on employment income and employment income replacements are paid over daily by ACOSS to CADES as and when they are collected by the central agency.

Contributions assessed on other revenues are centralised by the State's financial agencies (tax collection offices, treasuries and customs and excise agencies) before being paid over to CADES.

- Collection costs borne by CADES

Article 8 of the Order of 24 January 1996 stipulates that CADES shall bear assessment and collection costs. These costs consist of a flat amount defined jointly by the Minister of the Economy and Finance and the Minister in charge of Social Security.

Collection agencies deduct a 0.5% withholding from the contribution paid over to CADES.

CRDS contributions levied on income from property entered in the tax assessment register by the offices of the DGFIP (*Direction Générale des Finances Publiques* or Public Finances Directorate) are paid over to CADES on the basis of register entries and not the amounts actually collected. In return, a 4.1% withholding is applied to the sums paid over to CADES to cover assessment and collection costs (0.5%) and the cost of tax reductions and bad debts (3.6%), as provided for by Article 1641 of France's General Tax Code (*Code Général des Impôts*).

Amounts collected by CADES in respect of the CRDS are reported under "Other operating income" in the profit and loss account. Assessment and collection costs are recorded under "Other operating charges".

- Accrual basis accounting

CADES applies the accruals principle in accordance with accounting standards applicable to credit institutions and Articles L114-5 and D-114-4-4 of the Social Security Code establishing the principle whereby social security agencies shall maintain accounting records on a receivable-payable basis.

Accordingly, CRDS contributions paid to collecting agencies are included in the accounts for the period regardless of the date on which these amounts were actually collected. So as to be able to recognize this income at the balance sheet date, CADES accrues this income on the basis of a notification provided by the collecting agencies indicating amounts assessed for the period not collected at the balance sheet date and CRDS contributions not yet collected by ACOSS. For the six-monthly closing at 30 June, as CADES receives no notification from the collecting agencies it estimates accrued income based on payments received in July.

Provisions against outstanding CRDS contributions are notified to CADES by ACOSS. These provisions are calculated on a statistical basis applying an annual rate determined by reference to an ageing analysis of the receivables. They are deducted from gross amounts receivable as reported in the balance sheet. As CADES receives no notification from ACOSS for the position as at 30 June, it determines provisions against outstanding contributions on the same basis as at the previous year end.

Regarding the collection of the CRDS contributions, note that at no time does CADES act as primary collector; all the resources to which it is entitled are remitted by third parties, first and foremost ACOSS, followed by the offices of the DGFIP (*Direction Générale des Finances Publiques* or Public Finances Directorate).

CADES' responsibility is confined to verifying that the sums transferred agree to the accounting vouchers raised. The primary collecting agencies are responsible for transferring the funds, for verifying the tax base, for adjusting tax bases when applicable and for recovering past dues, in return for which these agencies receive a remuneration equivalent to 0.5% of the sums collected.

Accordingly, CADES' responsibility at revenue level is limited to substantive verifications of the accounting vouchers produced by the collecting agencies.

5.2 Supplementary social security contribution

Act No. 2008-1330 on the funding of the social security system for 2009 extended the mission of CADES by entrusting to it

a further €7 billion of debt in respect of the health insurance deficit (€4.1 billion), old age pension deficit (€8.8 billion) and old age solidarity fund (€1 billion).

In accordance with the Organic Law of 2 August 2005, the French Parliament voted an increase in resources so as not to extend the life of CADES. This new resource corresponds to a portion of the supplementary social security contribution (*Contribution Sociale Généralisée – CSG*). Since 2009, this has been paid to CADES at the rate of 0.2%. From 2011 it was increased to 0.48% for CSG on all taxable employment income, unemployment and similar benefits, and income from property and investment proceeds; and to 0.28% on profits from gaming.

This is a broad-based tax levied on employment income and employment income replacements as well as income from property, investments and gaming.

The difference in tax base between the CRDS and CSG mainly concerns revenue from the sale of precious metals and gems, from gaming and from family benefits.

The payment circuits and methods of accounting for the CSG are the same as for the CRDS.

5.3 Social levies on income from property and investments

Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010 allocates to CADES, starting in 2011, a 1.3% share of the social levies on the income from property and investments referred to in Articles 245-14 and 245-15 of the Social Security Code. The rate for these levies is set at 5.4% as from 1 January 2012.

5.4 Resources from the Retirement Reserve Fund

Under the 2011 Social Security Funding Act (*Loi de Financement de la Sécurité Sociale – LFSS*) 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, the Retirement Reserve Fund (*Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR*) is required to pay CADES a total of €29.4 billion in yearly instalments of €2.1 billion no later than 31 October each year, with effect from 1 January 2011 until 2024. The two institutions concerned will draw up an agreement setting out the timing and terms and conditions governing these payments.

The annual income of €2.1 billion to be paid by the FRR as from 2011 is recognised under income for the period. It is paid in April of each year.

As at 30 June the income recognised in profit and loss corresponded to half the annual payment, or €1.05 billion.

FRR's commitment to pay amounts for subsequent years is recognised in off-balance sheet items under Other Commitments Received – Retirement Reserve Fund.

6. Private rental property

CADES has sold all the property transferred on 1 January 2000 to CADES in application of Article 9 of Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 and recorded under "Property endowment" as a component of reserves.

Acting on behalf of CADES, CNAVTS managed the residual rights and obligations related to this property until the expiration of the agreement between the two parties on 31 December 2006. Signed in December 1999, this agreement empowered CNAVTS to do all that was necessary in connection with the administration of the properties.

Since 1 January 2007, disputes and claims have been managed internally by CADES.

CADES' Accounting Officer records expenses and revenue on the basis of the supporting documents submitted by the Authorising Officer.

7. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on a multi-currency basis and are measured in accordance with the following principles:

Foreign currency transactions involving balance sheet and off-balance sheet items are measured in euro at the rate of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date.

The rates used at 30 June 2012, which correspond to the reference rates communicated by the European Central Bank, are indicated in the table below:

USD:	1.2590	SEK:	8.7728	GBP:	0.8068
AUD:	1.2339	NOK:	7.5330	MXN:	16.8755
CHF:	1.2030	NZD:	1.5746	HKD:	9.7658
CAD:	1.2871	TRY:	2.2834	JPY:	100.1300
ZAR:	10.3669	SGD:	1.5974		

- Foreign currency income and charges are translated into euro at the exchange rate ruling on the date when they were recognised in the profit and loss account.
- Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account as operating income from banking transactions or operating charges on banking transactions.

8. Repurchase agreements with securities delivered

Top-grade securities are acquired by CADES under repurchase agreements for the purpose of investing available cash balances.

Securities received under these agreements are reported under loans and advances to credit institutions.

9. Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are accounted for under the historical cost convention. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated and intangible fixed assets amortised over their estimated useful life.

Tangible fixed assets consist mainly of office equipment and computer equipment.

Intangible fixed assets include software.

10. Bonds

Bonds issued by CADES are reported as a liability in the balance sheet at their nominal value (if redeemed at par) plus accrued interest. Foreign currency bonds are translated into euro at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date.

Bonds indexed to inflation (French consumer price index excluding tobacco for all households in Metropolitan France) are measured by reference to a predefined inflation benchmark on the balance sheet date, resulting in the recognition of a redemption premium that is reported as a liability.

Inflation benchmarks:

CPI as at 30 June 2012:	124.79433
Cadesi 2013 index:	1.24577
Cadesi 2017 index:	1.10041
Cadesi 2019 index:	1.14166
Cadesi 2021 index:	1.03988
Cadesi 2024 index:	1.01971

When bonds are issued at a premium, this premium is accounted for as deferred charges and is therefore reported under prepayments and accrued income in the balance sheet. These charges are recognised to the profit and loss account over the life of the bonds under banking operating charges.

When bonds are issued at a discount, this discount is accounted for as deferred income. This income is recognised to the profit and loss account over the life of the bonds under banking operating income.

All costs relating to bond issues are charged to the profit and loss account on the date of issue and reported under “fees paid”.

11. Interest rate and currency swaps

Transactions involving forward financial instruments, entered into for the purpose of hedging interest rate and currency exposure, are recognised in accordance with the regulations issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory

Committee. Commitments in respect of these transactions are reported as off-balance sheet commitments at the contract's nominal value. Accounting principles applied differ according to the nature of these instruments and management intention at inception.

Transactions consist mainly of interest rate swaps and currency swaps entered into for hedging purposes. Interest rate swaps are entered into in compliance with the risk management policy defined by the Board of Directors. Currency swaps are entered into only for the purpose of hedging CADES' foreign exchange exposures.

Income and charges arising on forward financial instruments entered into for the purpose of hedging or managing the global interest rate exposure are recognised to profit or loss *pro rata temporis*.

Gains and losses on hedging designed to reduce the risk resulting from a particular asset or liability are taken to profit or loss and included under interest receivable and similar income or interest payable and similar charges to match income or charges recognised in respect of the hedged item.

As regards balancing cash payments arising from swaps entered into to hedge a debt instrument on inception, the portion covering issuance costs in respect of the underlying instrument is taken to profit and loss when the cash payment is recognised. This accounting method fairly reflects the asset value of issues transformed by entering into swaps involving cash payments and results in the amount equivalent to the issuance costs being recognised to profit and loss *pro rata temporis*.

12. Interest rate futures

Firm macro hedging transactions on organised markets (German Bund and Bobl) are recognised in accordance with the regulations issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee. Sales of financial futures (Euro Bund and Euro Bobl futures) are recognised as off-balance sheet items for their nominal value. Margin calls are recognised directly to profit or loss. Initial margins are accounted for as deposits paid and reported as assets in the balance sheet. Finally, brokerage fees – which represent trading fees on the sale or purchase of Bunds or Bobls – are recognised directly to profit or loss.

13. Provisions

No general provisions for liabilities and charges are recognised by CADES. When appropriate, provisions in respect of identified risks are set aside in accordance with applicable accounting principles.

14. Taxation

CADES is not assessed to business taxes (corporation tax, value added tax and local business tax) or to apprenticeship tax. The only tax it pays is the payroll tax.

Note that profits on the sale of property transferred by the social security agencies did not give rise to the payment of corporation tax.

15. Counterparty risk

CADES' exposure to counterparty risk is limited to three types of transactions: investment transactions, off-balance sheet transactions and credit line transactions.

For all three types of transactions, CADES has signed market agreements modelled on the master agreement drawn up by the French Banking Association (*Fédération Bancaire Française – FBF*) providing for daily margin calls (for investment transactions) and weekly margin calls (for off-balance sheet transactions).

1. Investment transactions

CADES invests cash balances mainly in securities delivered under repurchase agreements but may also buy government securities outright. In exchange for the loan extended to a counterparty, CADES receives full ownership of a government security (OAT, BTAN, BTF) or government-guaranteed security over the term of the repurchase agreement. Most repurchase agreements are negotiated with French Treasury bond dealers (*Spécialiste en Valeurs du Trésor – SVT*) or with counterparties with a double-A rating.

Margins calls are carried out daily by CADES to provide additional protection against significant fluctuations in market prices for the securities received as collateral.

2. Off-balance sheet transactions

To manage its interest rate risk and eliminate the currency risk, CADES enters into transactions in the derivatives markets involving instruments such as interest rate swaps, currency swaps and asset swaps. By using triggers set by reference to each counterparty's rating and by carrying out weekly margin calls, CADES significantly reduces the residual risk of default on these instruments.

16. Transactions involving investment securities

The portfolio of investment securities is valued in accordance with Regulation 90-01 (as amended) issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee. This portfolio, which consists of fixed income government securities, is reported in the balance sheet under treasury bills and other bills eligible for refinancing with central banks.

Securities are reported in the balance sheet at their acquisition cost. Interest income is reported under interest receivable and similar income from bonds and other fixed income securities.

Unrealised losses give rise to a provision for impairment determined by reference to the most recent quoted price. These provisions are determined individually.

Provisions for impairment set aside and reversed and gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are reported in the profit and loss account under gains and losses on investment securities.

NOTES

BALANCE SHEET

At 30 June 2012, the balance sheet showed total assets of €35.87 billion for total debt of €180.30 billion resulting in negative reserves of €144.43 billion.

ASSETS

Note 1: Treasury and interbank transactions

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
CENTRAL BANKS	29,451.54	207.58	8,438.91
Central banks	29,451.54	207.58	8,438.91
TREASURY BILLS AND OTHER BILLS ELIGIBLE FOR REFINANCING WITH CENTRAL BANKS	400.01	0.00	150.01
Government securities with a maturity of less than 3 months	400.00	0.00	150.00
Accrued interest	0.01	0.00	0.01
LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS	1.12	7,329.72	5,166.28
Repayable at sight	1.12	17.33	0.75
Debit balances on ordinary accounts	1.12	2.33	0.75
Securities received under open repurchase agreements	0.00	15.00	0.00
Accrued interest	0.00	0.00	0.00
Repayable at term	0.00	7,312.39	5,165.53
Securities received under term repurchase agreements with a maturity of less than 3 months	0.00	7,310.75	5,164.82
Of which:			
Treasury bills	0.00	451.23	0.00
Bonds	0.00	3,248.01	1,500.00
Own securities	0.00	3,611.51	3,664.82
Accrued interest	0.00	1.64	0.71
Total	29,852.67	7,537.30	13,755.20

Balances with central banks correspond to the euro-denominated account held by CADES with Banque de France³.

Note 2: Intangible and tangible fixed assets

At (€millions)	Gross value at 1 January 2012	Acquisitions	Disposals	Gross value at 30 June 2012	Amortisation and depreciation	30 June 2012 Net book value	30 June 2011 Net book value	31 December 2011 Net book value
Intangible assets	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.22	0.02	0.01	0.01
Software	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01
Tangible assets	0.72	0.01	0.00	0.73	0.59	0.14	0.18	0.16
Sundry equipment	0.72	0.01	0.00	0.73	0.59	0.14	0.18	0.16
Total	0.96	0.01	0.00	0.97	0.81	0.16	0.19	0.17

Intangible and tangible assets reflect the value of the software and equipment acquired by CADES, net of related

³ Bank interest for June 2012 is recognised in note 4, "Accrued income"

amortisation and depreciation.

Note 3: Other assets

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
SUNDRY DEBTORS	65.40	163.56	179.12
Deposits paid by way of initial margins	0.00	114.15	113.72
- Deposits	0.00	113.80	113.54
- Accrued interest	0.00	0.35	0.18
Outstanding CRDS and CSG contributions to be collected by ACOSS	65.40	49.41	65.40
- Gross amounts receivable	449.77	392.65	449.77
- Provisions	(384.37)	(343.24)	(384.37)
Other debtors in respect of financial transactions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other debtors in respect of operating charges	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other sundry debtors – CNAV	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Gross amounts receivable	1.18	1.31	1.18
- Provisions	(1.18)	(1.31)	(1.18)
Total	65.40	163.56	179.12

Other assets comprise:

- outstanding CRDS and CSG contributions to be collected by ACOSS amounting to €65.40 million. Provisions totalling €384.37 million have been deducted from the gross amounts receivable of €449.77 million.
- a receivable of €1.18 million, consisting of the balance of damages and interest amounting to €1.04 million claimed from a buyer who reneged on a commitment to purchase a group of buildings and sundry debtor balances totalling €0.14 million due from tenants and buyers for which legal proceedings are under way. These amounts were provisioned in full at 30 June 2012.

Movements in provisions against outstanding CRDS and CSG contributions to be collected by ACOSS and in respect of sundry debtors are detailed in the table below:

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
Provisions brought forward	385.56	344.85	344.85
Provisions set aside – property	0.00	0.00	0.00
Provisions set aside – CRDS and CSG	0.00	0.00	47.89
Provisions reversed – property	0.00	(0.30)	(0.43)
Provisions reversed – CRDS and CSG	0.00	0.00	(6.75)
Provisions carried forward	385.56	344.85	385.56

Note 4: Prepayments and accrued income

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
ACCRUED INCOME			
	1,811.17	1,727.15	1,729.96
On forward interest rate instruments	136.21	164.85	158.52
On forward currency instruments	436.95	450.60	275.06
On CRDS and CSG revenues	1,099.13	1,020.01	1,217.68
On revenue from social levies on income from property and investment	132.64	91.69	76.27
On property sales	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other accrued income	6.24	0.00	2.43
CONTINGENT LOSSES AND LOSSES TO BE SPREAD ON FORWARD FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	17.07	19.25	22.63
DEFERRED CHARGES	308.65	315.26	294.94
Issuance premiums on bonds and EMTN	308.65	315.26	294.94
Other deferred charges	0.00	0.00	0.00
PREPAYMENTS	82.01	34.32	42.52
Prepaid administrative expenses	0.13	0.12	0.06
Prepaid interest on negotiable debt instruments	81.88	34.20	42.46
Other prepayments	0.00	0.00	0.00
OTHER	3,729.55	501.56	3,373.05
Currency adjustment accounts	3,729.55	501.37	3,373.05
Property rental adjustment account	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sundry	0.00	0.19	0.00
Total	5,948.45	2,597.54	5,463.10

Prepayments and accrued income consist of transactions affecting the profit and loss account independently of the date on which the corresponding income is paid or collected. They include:

- accrued income relating to CRDS and CSG contributions for €1,099.13 million, social levies for €132.64 million, financial (interest rate) instruments for €136.21 million, currency instruments for €436.95 million and interest on the account with Banque de France for €6.24 million.
- issuance premiums on bonds and EMTN amounting to €308.65 million to be recognised in profit and loss over time.
- prepayments amounting to €82.01 million, which consist mainly of prepaid interest on the issue of negotiable debt instruments.
- currency adjustment accounts amounting to €3,729.55 million, being technical accounts used to recognize to profit and loss adjustments arising on the measurement of off-balance sheet commitments.

LIABILITIES AND RESERVES

Reserves consist of the profit and loss account brought forward, the profit or loss for the period and the property endowment.

At 30 June 2012, CADES had negative reserves of €44,434.72 million. These negative reserves correspond to the debt transferred to CADES amounting to €34,148.5 million, €47,310 million pursuant to the Act of 13 August 2004, €27,000 million pursuant to the Act of 17 December 2008, €65,300 million pursuant to the Act of 20 December 2010, €2,466.65 million pursuant to the Act of 21 December 2011 and €6,648.05 million pursuant to the Decree No. 2012-329 of 7 March 2012, less amounts that have been credited to reserves and which are composed of the accumulated profits generated by CADES since 1996 amounting to €38,192.56 million, of which €4,978.07 in the first half of 2012, the property endowment on 1 January 2000 amounting to €181.22 million, and the payment received from ACOSS amounting to €64.7 million by way of an adjustment of the deficits assumed by CADES from 1999 to 2006.

Liabilities, which amounted to €180,301.16 million at 30 June 2012, consist mainly of debts to credit institutions amounting to €1,018.18 million, debts evidenced by securities totalling €72,438.60, guarantee deposits received and others totalling €4,782.46 million and accruals and deferred income totalling €2,061.92 million.

Note 5: Treasury and interbank transactions

At	30 June 2012				30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
(€millions)	Up to 3 months	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Total	Total
AMOUNTS OWED TO CENTRAL BANKS							
Amounts owed to credit institutions							
At sight	0.00	1,018.18	0.00	0.00	1,018.18	20.00	1,026.47
Credit balances on ordinary accounts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
At term	0.00	1,018.18	0.00	0.00	1,018.18	20.00	1,026.47
Securities given under repurchase agreements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	26.00
Accounts and deposits	0.00	998.00	0.00	0.00	998.00	0.00	998.00
Of which: Euro	0.00	998.00	0.00	0.00	998.00	0.00	998.00
Other currencies	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued interest	0.00	20.18	0.00	0.00	20.18	0.00	2.47
Total	0.00	1,018.18	0.00	0.00	1,018.18	20.00	1,026.47

Note 6: Debts evidenced by securities

At	30 June 2012				30 June 2011	31 December 2011
(€millions)	Up to 3 months	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Total
NEGOTIABLE DEBT INSTRUMENTS						
Treasury bills denominated in euro	18,921.30	16,798.61	-	264.00	35,983.91	33,024.55
Treasury bills denominated in other currencies	2,102.75	4,115.50	0.00	0.00	6,218.25	2,573.80
MTN denominated in euro	341.24	291.97	0.00	0.00	633.21	192.20
Commercial paper denominated in euro	3,791.00	11.00	0.00	264.00	4,066.00	11.00
Commercial paper denominated in other currencies	1,214.79	2,034.15	0.00	0.00	3,248.94	1,306.95
Other negotiable debt	5,225.38	7,670.89	0.00	0.00	12,896.27	9,301.77
	6,242.34	2,673.95	0.00	0.00	8,916.29	19,638.83
						0.00

At (€millions)	30 June 2012				Total	30 June	31
	Up to 3 months	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	Over 5 years		2011	December 2011
					Total	Total	Total
instruments denominated in foreign currencies							
Accrued interest	3.80	1.15	0.00	0.00	4.95	0.00	5.00
BONDS	2,590.97	13,308.33	68,457.04	52,098.35	136,454.69	109,676.72	114,046.95
Bonds and EMTN denominated in euro	0.00	8,065.00	40,341.89	49,271.29	97,678.18	80,316.35	83,056.64
Bonds and EMTN denominated in other currencies	1,754.81	4,124.55	28,115.15	2,827.06	36,821.57	27,561.18	29,327.45
Accrued interest	836.16	1,118.78	0.00	0.00	1,954.94	1,799.19	1,662.86
Total	21,512.27	30,106.94	68,457.04	52,362.35	172,438.60	142,701.27	156,927.63

One of the euro issues, for €200 million with a €100 million tap maturing in 2025, is subject to early redemption at the counterparty's option from 2021. Four medium-term negotiable notes totalling €3,806 million are subject to optional partial or total early redemption on each quarterly coupon date. Two such redemptions amounting to €2 million were made in the first half of 2012.

Debts evidenced by securities are analyzed below:

They comprise negotiable debt instruments totalling €35,983.91 million, and bonds and similar instruments totalling €136,454.69 million.

Bonds and similar instruments are issued under:

- a French issuance programme for which the limit is €75 billion;
- a UK issuance programme for which the limit is €65 billion;
- an Australian issuance programme for which the limit is AUD 6 billion;
- a stand-alone programme consisting of bond issues, private placements and MTN issues.

All in all, at 30 June 2012 debts evidenced by securities maturing within one year totalled €1,619.21 million and by those maturing in more than five years €2,362.35 million, compared with €5,088.34 million and €15,897.36 million respectively at 31 December 2011. Debt due to mature at between one and five years increased from €5,941.93 million at 31 December 2011 to €68,457.04 million at 30 June 2012.

The tables below detail borrowings by programme.

€millions

Programme	Issue date	Maturity date	Nominal value (issue currency)	Currency	Type	Nominal interest rate	ISIN code
Australia	10/12/2009	10/12/2012	500	AUD	EMTN	BBSW + 0.4%	AU3FN0009650
	28/02/2008	28/02/2013	1,000	AUD	EMTN	7.50%	AU3CB0058196
Stand-alone	27/03/1998	25/10/2012	3,000	EUR	bond	5.25%	FR0000571366
	01/04/1999	25/07/2013	3,100	EUR	bond	CADESI 3.15%	FR0000492308
	11/10/2004	25/10/2014	4,400	EUR	bond	4.00%	FR0010120410
	09/02/2005	25/04/2015	3,000	EUR	bond	3.625%	FR0010163329
	09/12/2004	25/07/2019	2,400	EUR	bond	CADESI 1.85%	FR0010137554
	21/12/2004	25/10/2019	5,000	EUR	bond	4.00%	FR0010143743

€millions

Programme	Issue date	Maturity date	Nominal value (issue currency)	Currency	Type	Nominal interest rate	ISIN code
	27/05/2005	25/10/2020	4,000	EUR	bond	3.75%	FR0010198036
	21/11/2011	22/11/2012	1,856	EUR	BMTN	3-month EURIBOR-margin	FR0120251238
	28/11/2011	28/05/2013	595	EUR	BMTN	3-month EURIBOR - margin	FR0120251253
	19/07/2004	30/12/2013	11	EUR	BMTN	3-month Euribor-0.17%	FR0107096036
	02/05/2012	02/05/2025	50	EUR	BMTM	Formula-based variable rate	FR0120634516
	10/05/2012	19/12/2025	214	EUR	BMTM	Formula-based variable rate	FR0120634581
	28/11/2011	25/04/2022	151	EUR	Private Plct.	4%	
	29/07/2011	19/12/2025	615	EUR	Private Plct.	3.91%	
	25/11/2011	19/12/2025	232	EUR	Private Plct.	4.50%	
UK	28/11/2011	28/11/2012	1,340	EUR	BMTM	3-month EURIBOR - margin	XS0710224186
	23/12/2002	20/12/2012	26	USD	EMTN	0.50%	XS0159498640
	13/02/2012	13/02/2013	1,000	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	XS0745001452
	06/08/2007	06/03/2013	50	EUR	EMTN	4.442%	XS0314647149
	25/11/2008	25/10/2013	200	USD	EMTN	3.40%	XS0400917349
	15/12/2004	16/12/2013	100	USD	EMTN	4.51%	XS0207591271
	15/12/2008	16/12/2013	250	USD	EMTN	2.66%	XS040503800
	17/03/2011	17/03/2014	1,000	EUR	bond	1.09%	XS0605979870
	11/07/2011	11/07/2014	2,500	USD	bond	1.25%	US12802NAB01
	24/02/2012	24/02/2015	3,000	USD	bond	1.75%	US12802DAC02
30/06/2005	30/06/2015	25	AUD	EMTN	5.64%	XS0222727058	
France	31/03/2011	31/03/2016	2,500	USD	bond	2.375%	US12802DAA46
	12/04/2012	12/04/2017	2,000	USD	bond	2.125%	US12802DAD84
	07/03/2011	07/03/2018	1,000	EUR	bond	3.25%	XS0599789343
	06/07/2009	06/07/2012	1,000	USD	EMTN	2.25%	FR0010776674
	17/07/2007	17/07/2012	1,000	USD	EMTN	5.375%	FR0010500843
	25/02/2009	25/07/2012	200	CHF	bond	1.50%	CH0012600398
	27/10/2009	26/10/2012	700	USD	EMTN	3-month USD LIBOR	FR0010816264
	27/11/2009	27/11/2012	1,000	USD	EMTN	1.625%	FR0010827246
	23/03/2006	15/01/2013	1,000	USD	EMTN	5%	FR0010306340
	31/01/2012	31/01/2013	350	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	FR0011191865
	01/02/2012	01/02/2013	100	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	FR0011193507
	08/02/2012	08/02/2013	65	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	FR0011199397
	21/01/2010	21/03/2013	500	EUR	EMTN	2.125%	FR0010844563
	04/11/2005	25/04/2013	3,000	EUR	bond	3.25%	FR0010249763
17/06/2011	17/06/2013	600	GBP	bond	3-month GBP LIBOR + 0.15%	FR0011062504	

€millions

Programme	Issue date	Maturity date	Nominal value (issue currency)	Currency	Type	Nominal interest rate	ISIN code
	08/04/2008	15/07/2013	1,000	USD	EMTN	3.25%	FR0010606442
	28/07/2010	29/07/2013	2,000	USD	bond	1.375%	FR0010925446
	04/09/2008	04/09/2013	3,000	EUR	bond	4.500%	FR0010660100
	15/10/2010	15/10/2013	1,500	USD	bond	0.875%	FR0010950675
	18/11/2011	18/11/2013	2,000	EUR	bond	1.750%	FR0011147701
	25/01/2011	27/01/2014	2,500	USD	bond	1.375%	FR0010998104
	31/01/2012	31/01/2014	170	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	FR0011194190
	02/02/2012	02/02/2014	960	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	FR0011194182
	12/03/2009	12/03/2014	12,000	JPY	EMTN	3-month JPY LIBOR + 0.45%	FR0010734327
	25/02/2011	17/03/2014	1,500	USD	bond	1.625%	FR0011012731
	18/03/2011	18/03/2014	1,000	USD	bond	3-month USD LIBOR + 0.125%	FR0011023126
	08/04/2009	08/04/2014	34,000	JPY	EMTN	3-month JPY LIBOR + 0.55%	FR0010745299
	30/06/2011	30/06/2014	1,000	GBP	bond	3-month GBP LIBOR + 0.25%	FR0011071323
	01/07/2009	01/07/2014	1,000	USD	EMTN	3.50%	FR0010775239
	02/07/2009	02/07/2014	1,200	USD	EMTN	3-month USD LIBOR + 0.4%	FR0010776054
	18/06/2009	08/09/2014	525	GBP	EMTN	3.750%	FR0010770511
	22/10/2009	22/10/2014	1,250	USD	EMTN	2.875%	FR0010815332
	13/09/2011	24/11/2014	200	AUD	bond	3-month AUD LIBOR + 0.4%	FR0011113307
	08/12/2009	15/01/2015	3,375	EUR	bond	2.625%	FR0010831669
	26/01/2010	26/01/2015	95	GBP	EMTN	3-month GBP LIBOR + 0.02%	FR0010850156
	09/02/2012	09/02/2015	50	EUR	bond	1.81%	FR0011198829
	24/01/2012	16/02/2015	4,000	EUR	bond	1.875%	FR0011185032
	16/02/2012	16/02/2015	1,000	GBP	bond	3-month GBP LIBOR	FR0011201441
	23/02/2012	23/02/2015	125	EUR	bond	3-month EURIBOR	FR0011203850
	25/02/2009	25/02/2015	150	CHF	bond	2.125%	CH0012601446
	02/03/2010	02/03/2015	1,000	USD	bond	2.875%	FR0010862581
	22/04/2010	22/04/2015	156	AUD	EMTN	BBSW + 0.28%	FR0010889725
	15/09/2010	15/09/2015	1,500	USD	EMTN	1.875%	FR0010941732
	16/09/2010	07/12/2015	700	GBP	EMTN	2.250%	FR0010942086
	08/04/2009	08/04/2016	25,000	JPY	EMTN	3-month JPY LIBOR + 0.65%	FR0010745307
	16/02/2011	25/02/2016	4,500	EUR	bond	3%	FR0011008366
	15/03/2012	15/03/2016	30,000	JPY	bond	1%	FR0011214451
	08/03/2006	25/04/2016	6,100	EUR	bond	3.625%	FR0010301747
	02/11/2006	02/11/2016	1,250	USD	EMTN	5.25%	FR0010394452
	14/12/2009	14/12/2016	150	USD	EMTN	3-month USD LIBOR + 55bp	FR0010831891
	20/03/2007	20/03/2017	450	MXN	EMTN	7.93%	FR0010449355
	13/04/2012	13/04/2017	76,900	JPY	bond	0.753%	FR0011234301

€millions

Programme	Issue date	Maturity date	Nominal value (issue currency)	Currency	Type	Nominal interest rate	ISIN code
France	12/04/2007	25/04/2017	3,800	EUR	bond	4.125%	FR0010456434
	28/07/2006	25/07/2017	2,000	EUR	bond	CADESI 1.85%	FR0010359679
	07/03/2008	20/12/2017	35	GBP	EMTN	3-month GBP LIBOR - 0.3705%	FR0010594366
	20/01/2011	15/10/2018	300	GBP	bond	3.75%	FR0010994376
	26/10/2006	26/10/2018	400	CAD	EMTN	4.45%	FR0010386110
	10/06/2009	25/04/2020	4,250	EUR	bond	4.250%	FR0010767566
	02/07/2010	02/07/2020	200	EUR	EMTN	3-month EURIBOR + 0.23%	FR0010917534
	25/10/2004	25/07/2020	1,000	EUR	EMTN	Max[0;((1+TEC100-1%)^0.25)-1]	FR0010120436
	26/10/2010	26/10/2020	1,000	USD	bond	3.00%	FR0010956565
	21/04/2009	21/04/2021	200	CHF	bond	3.00%	CH0100525382
	29/06/2010	25/04/2021	5,750	EUR	bond	3.375%	FR0010915660
	10/02/2011	25/07/2021	3,255	EUR	bond	CADESI	FR0011003672
	25/07/2006	25/10/2021	6,280	EUR	bond	4.375%	FR0010347989
	20/06/2012	20/06/2022	50	EUR	bond	Formula-based variable rate	FR0011270644
	19/04/2011	19/04/2023	200	CHF	bond	2.375%	CH0127860192
	18/04/2011	25/04/2023	5,024	EUR	bond	4.125%	FR0011037001
	27/02/2012	27/02/2024	153	EUR	bond	Formula-based variable rate	FR0011202514
	09/02/2012	25/07/2024	2,140	EUR	bond	CADESI	FR0011198787
	27/06/2012	27/06/2025	194	EUR	bond	3.202%	FR0011276427
	18/08/2011	18/08/2025	562.5	EUR	bond	3.625%	FR0011092261
	15/11/2011	15/11/2025	800	NOK	bond	4.700%	FR0011142215
	01/12/2011	01/12/2025	800	NOK	bond	5.120%	FR0011153097
	09/03/2011	09/12/2025	150	CHF	bond	2.50%	CH0124739902
	15/03/2012	15/12/2025	1,000	NOK	bond	4.95%	FR0011213958
	01/02/2012	15/12/2025	5,000	EUR	bond	4%	FR0011192392
	12/07/2011	19/12/2025	800	NOK	bond	4.80%	FR0011074178
	27/06/2012	19/12/2025	2,000	NOK	bond	4.84%	FR0011276732
	01/04/2011	20/12/2025	300	EUR	bond	3.80%	FR0011027929
	21/06/2012	21/12/2025	1,000	NOK	bond	4.52%	FR0011271527

Note 6a: Analysis of transactions in euro and foreign currencies before and after hedging

This note analyzes the effect of hedging transactions on the initial debt and breaks down interest rates before and after hedging. It provides both accounting and financial information related to the value and hedging of instruments at maturity.

(in millions of euros)	Initial debt		Hedging transactions		Final debt	
	Foreign currencies	Euros	Foreign currencies	Euros	Foreign currencies	Euros
Euro-denominated debt		112,209		55,497		167,706
Foreign currency-denominated debt		Value in euros at 30 June 2012		Value in euros at 30 June 2012		
CHF	1,259	1,046	(1,259)	(1,046)	0	0
GBP	6,061	7,512	(6,061)	(7,512)	0	0
JPY	177,900	1,777	(177,900)	(1,777)	0	0
USD	57,436	45,616	(57,436)	(45,616)	0	0
HKD	437	45	(437)	(45)	0	0
SEK	1,330	152	(1,330)	(152)	0	0
AUD	2,208	1,790	(2,208)	(1,790)	0	0
NOK	6,400	849	(6,400)	(849)	0	0
NZD	0	0	0	0	0	0
SGD	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAD	584	454	(584)	(454)	0	0
MXN	450	27	(450)	(27)	0	0
Sub-total foreign currencies		59,268		(59,268)		0
Total		171,477		(171,477)		167,706

The table above provides a breakdown of the initial nominal debt by issuance currency. Since all transactions in foreign currencies have been hedged, the debt of CADES is effectively entirely in euro. Hedging transactions have enabled CADES to eliminate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on its debt.

The table below shows the breakdown of debt by interest rate type. Hedging impacts the initial breakdown, such that in the final analysis, 56%(1) of the debt bears fixed rates, 36% floating rates and 8% rates indexed to inflation.

Breakdown of debt in euro and foreign currencies before and after hedging

(€millions)	Initial debt				Hedging transactions				Final debt			
	Foreign currencies	Euros	Total	%	Foreign currencies	Euros	Foreign currencies	Euros	Total	%		
Fixed rates												
Negotiable debt instruments	0	4,234	4,234		0	590	0	4,824	4,824			
Bonds, EMTN and MTN	28,024	80,339	108,362		(28,024)	8,534	0	88,873	88,873			
Private placements	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0			
Macro hedging swaps	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0			
Total fixed rates	28,024	84,573	112,597	66	(28,024)	9,124	0	93,697	93,697	56		
Floating rates												
Negotiable debt instruments	22,446	5,233	27,679		(22,446)	21,195	0	26,428	26,428			
Bonds, EMTN and MTN	8,798	7,036	15,834		(8,798)	25,178	0	32,214	32,214			
Private placements	0	998	998		0	0	0	998	998			
Macro hedging swaps	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0			
Total floating rates	31,244	13,267	44,511	26	(31,244)	46,373	0	59,640	59,640	36		
Indexed rates												
Bonds	0	14,369	14,369		0	0	0	14,369	14,369			
Macro hedging swaps	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0			
Total indexed rates	0	14,369	14,369	8	0	0	0	14,369	14,369	8		
Total	59,268	112,209	171,477	100	0	(3,771)	0	167,706	167,706	100		

- (1) Includes €3,061 million that corresponds to the hedging of swaps cancellable at the initiative of the counterparties. If the swap is cancelled by the counterparty, the hedged position reverts to a variable rate. Based on market rates at 30 June 2012, the swap cancellation options held by counterparties were significantly out of the money, making the likelihood of a reversion to a variable rate virtually nil.

Note 7: Other liabilities

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
DEPOSITS RECEIVED BY WAY OF INITIAL MARGINS	4,715.58	621.16	3,352.60
- Deposits	4,714.53	620.88	3,351.43
- Accrued interest	1.05	0.28	1.17
OTHER CREDITORS IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS	3.80	6.75	3.09
OTHER CREDITORS IN RESPECT OF OPERATING CHARGES	63.07	44.91	63.10
Payments to the State	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tax	0.00	0.00	0.02
Social security	0.00	0.08	0.00
Trade creditors	0.00	0.00	0.01
Sundry creditors – ACOSS	63.07	44.83	63.07
Other sundry creditors	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	4,782.46	672.82	3,418.79

Other liabilities correspond to:

- Deposits received by way of initial margins in respect of contracts on forward markets and repurchase agreements put in place to hedge counterparty risk, amounting to €4,714.53 million at 30 June 2012;
- Accrued interest on margin calls amounting to €1.05 million;
- Commission payable on commercial paper amounting to €3.80 million;
- Credit balance with ACOSS amounting to €63.07 million, consisting of taxpayer credit notes received from ACOSS.

Note 8: Accruals, deferred income and provisions

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
ACCRUALS	289.28	376.93	340.49
Accruals on forward interest rate instruments	231.40	267.32	192.48
Accruals on forward currency instruments	50.96	66.80	139.27
Fees payable in respect of market transactions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accruals in respect of operating charges	0.16	0.18	0.15
Accruals in respect of CRDS and CSG collection costs	5.50	5.27	6.82
Accruals in respect of revenue from social levies on income from property and investments	0.67	0.68	1.36
Other accruals	0.60	36.68	0.41
CONTINGENT GAINS AND GAINS TO BE SPREAD ON FORWARD FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	54.04	51.60	45.53
UNEARNED INCOME	1,714.63	1,326.41	397.40
Issuance premiums on bonds	664.59	276.41	397.39
On government securities	0.01	0.00	0.01
On foreign currency transactions	0.03	0.00	0.00
Other unearned income	1,050.00	1,050.00	0.00
OTHER	3.97	1,807.78	5.81
Currency adjustment accounts	3.80	1,807.62	5.73
Sundry	0.17	0.16	0.08
Total	2,061.92	3,562.72	789.23

Accruals and deferred income consist of transactions affecting the profit and loss account independently of the date on which the corresponding income is paid or collected. They include notably:

- Accrued expenses in respect of interest rate swaps amounting to €231.40 million, forward currency transactions for €0.96 million, CRDS and CSG for €5.50 million and social levies on income from property and investment for €0.67 million.
- Balancing cash payments on currency swaps amounting to €4.04 million that are to be spread.
- Unearned income amounting to €1,714.63 million, corresponding to premiums on bond issues and on government securities.
- Currency adjustment accounts amounting to €3.80 million, being technical accounts used to recognize to profit and loss adjustments arising on the measurement of off-balance sheet commitments.

Provisions for liabilities and charges include a provision for redundancy indemnities.

At (€millions)	31 December		30 June 2012	
	2011	Set aside	Reversed	
Provisions	0.21	0.02	0.00	0.23
Provision for redundancy indemnities	0.21	0.02	0.00	0.23
Provision for liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.21	0.02	0.00	0.23

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

In arriving at the profit for the period, net banking income is reported separately from other operating income and charges.

(€millions)	
Net banking income	(2,218.48)
Exceptional income items	0.00
Other operating income and charges	<u>7,196.55</u>
Gross operating profit and net profit for the period	4,978.07

A specific mission has been entrusted to CADES, which is to extinguish a debt over its scheduled term. The profit for the year measures its capacity to reduce its own debt.

Net banking income

Net banking income consists of the cost of debt, the income generated from cash positions and the net profit or loss on financial transactions.

Note 9: Banking income

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME FROM TRANSACTIONS WITH CREDIT INSTITUTIONS	70.83	31.57	77.84
Interest receivable – Demand loans and advances and open repurchase agreements	37.54	1.68	10.33
Interest from ordinary accounts in debit	37.54	1.02	8.69
Interest from loans	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from securities delivered under open repurchase agreements	0.00	0.66	1.64
Interest receivable – Term loans, advances and repurchase agreements	1.31	24.99	47.75
Interest from loans denominated in euro	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from loans denominated in foreign currencies	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from securities delivered under repurchase agreements	1.31	24.99	47.75
Other interest receivable	31.98	4.90	19.76
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME FROM BONDS AND OTHER FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	0.29	10.46	10.83
Interest from fixed income securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from government securities	0.29	10.46	10.83
OTHER INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	197.35	114.60	229.41
Amortisation of premiums on issue	50.12	30.58	64.03
Net profit on hedging transactions	147.23	84.02	165.38
Profit on repurchase of own securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	268.47	156.63	318.08

Banking income, which amounted to €68.47 million, consists of:

- Net profit on hedging transactions amounting to €147.23 million;
- Interest receivable and similar income from transactions with credit institutions amounting to €70.83 million, of which €37.54 million of interest on bank deposits;
- The amortisation of bond premiums on issue amounting to €50.12 million; and
- Interest from fixed income securities amounting to €0.29 million.

Note 10: Cost of debt

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES ON TRANSACTIONS WITH CREDIT INSTITUTIONS	35.90	51.03	152.85
Interest payable - Demand loans and open repurchase agreements	0.10	0.01	0.06
Interest on ordinary accounts in credit	0.10	0.01	0.05
Interest on overnight loans	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on securities delivered under open repurchase agreements	0.00	0.00	0.01
Interest payable – Term loans and repurchase agreements	20.26	0.11	12.30
Interest on CDC loan (transfer of debt)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on multi-currency credit	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on securities delivered under repurchase agreements	0.09	0.11	0.40
Interest on private placements	20.17	0.00	11.90
Other interest payable and similar charges	15.54	50.91	140.49
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES ON BONDS AND OTHER FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	2,407.79	1,947.71	3,896.74
Interest on debts evidenced by certificates	2,407.79	1,947.71	3,896.74
Interest on negotiable debt instruments denominated in euros	70.21	9.18	50.63
Interest on negotiable debt instruments denominated in other currencies	107.61	32.85	105.11
Interest on bonds and equivalent securities denominated in euros	1,573.89	1,276.79	2,665.72
Interest on bonds and equivalent securities denominated in other currencies	407.10	356.39	730.94
Other charges on debt evidenced by securities	248.98	272.50	344.34
Other interest payable and similar charges	0.00	0.00	0.00
FEES PAYABLE	43.35	43.62	60.09
Fees on term loans with credit institutions	3.93	2.86	6.49
Fees on negotiable debt instruments issued	6.62	8.17	11.18
Fees on bonds	32.53	32.46	42.12
Other fees on securities transactions	0.27	0.13	0.30
Other fees	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	2,487.04	2,042.36	4,109.68

Interest payable and similar charges on CADES' debt, which amounted to €2,487.04 million, increased by 21.77% from 30 June 2011 and consists of:

- Charges amounting to €2,407.79 million in respect of debts;
- Interest amounting to €35.90 million on transactions with credit institutions, consisting of interest on private placements, securities delivered under repurchase agreements and margin calls; and
- Fees amounting to €43.35 million.

The increase in interest and similar charges payable compared with 30 June 2011 was due partly to the effects of inflation and partly to new bond issues.

Note 11: Gains and losses on trading securities

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
NET GAIN (LOSS) ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	0.14	0.14	(0.29)
Other foreign exchange transactions	0.14	0.14	(0.29)
Total	0.14	0.14	(0.29)

In accordance with the requirements of Regulation 2000-03 on the presentation of financial statements issued by the French Accounting Standards Committee, gains and losses on instruments used to hedge interest rate and currency risks are reported under interest receivable and similar income or interest payable and similar charges (see Note 9). The net profit on foreign exchange transactions comprises solely gains and losses determined on the periodic measurement of foreign currency accounts that have not been hedged.

Note 11a: Gains and losses on investment securities

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
Gains (losses) on investment securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net gain (loss) on investment securities	0.00	0.00	0.00

Other operating income and charges

Other operating income and charges consist mainly of specific income and charges dealt with by Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 (CRDS contributions, CSG, social levies on income from property and investments, payments from the Retirement Reserve Fund, property asset sales and payments to the State and social security funding organisations), general operating charges and depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges on non-current assets.

Note 12: CRDS revenues

The table below details revenue allocated to CADES under Article 6 of Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 after deducting assessment and collection costs and losses on outstanding CRDS contributions (write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness).

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
NET CRDS REVENUES (Article 6)	3,021.35	2,946.12	6,290.29
CRDS contributions levied on wages and salaries (ACOSS)	2,749.71	2,729.34	5,577.75
CRDS contributions levied on property assets	(0.04)	2.41	242.13
CRDS contributions levied on investment income	205.39	141.71	326.96
CRDS contributions levied on sales of precious metals and gems	3.86	2.58	5.22
CRDS contributions on gaming proceeds	62.43	70.08	138.19
CRDS exemption offsets (travel vouchers and voluntary community services)	0.00	0.00	0.04

CRDS revenues, net of collection costs, amounted to €3,021.35 million.

CRDS levied on wages and salaries (which is collected by ACOSS) represents 91.01% of the total. The remaining CRDS proceeds (which are collected by the offices of the Public Finances Directorate) are levied mainly on capital (property and investment income, 6.80%) and on gambling (2.07%).

Repayments relating to amounts written off prior to 31 December 1999 (pursuant to EC regulations and bilateral social security agreements) received from foreign countries have been paid over by CNAMTS to CADES since 31 December 1997 to the extent this does not create a new deficit or increase an existing deficit in the books of CNAMTS. Given that CNAMTS has been in deficit from 1998 to 2011, the €16.77 million recovered during this period was not paid over to CADES.

Since Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004, no surplus has been generated by the health insurance branch of the French social security system.

Note 12a

The table below provides a breakdown of income and charges relating to the CRDS.

CRDS REVENUES (€millions)	(I)	CRDS COSTS	(II)	Net revenues (I-II)
CRDS levied on wages and salaries (ACOSS)	2,763.53	Write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness	0.00	2,749.71
CRDS levied on property assets	(0.04)	Assessment and collection costs	13.82	(0.04)
CRDS levied on investment income	206.42	Assessment and collection costs	0.00	205.39
CRDS levied on sale of precious metals and gems	3.87	Assessment and collection costs	1.03	3.85
CRDS levied on gaming proceeds	62.75	Assessment and collection costs	0.02	62.44
CRDS exemption offsets (travel vouchers and voluntary community services)	0.00	Provisions on outstanding CRDS	0.31	0.00
Reversal of provisions on outstanding CRDS	0.00		0.00	0.00
Total	3,036.53	Total	15.18	3,021.35

Note 12.1: CSG revenues

Supplementary social security contributions (*Contribution Sociale Généralisée – CSG*) are a resource allocated to CADES at the rate of 0.48% for CSG on income from employment, unemployment and other similar benefits and on taxable income from property and investments, and at 0.28% for CSG on profits from gaming since 1 January 2011.

The tax base is the same as for the CRDS, with the exception that no contributions are levied on the sale of precious metals and gems.

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
NET CSG REVENUES (Article 6)	2,674.28	2,538.19	5,546.62
CSG contributions levied on wages and salaries (ACOSS)	2,503.27	2,398.23	4,956.38
CSG contributions levied on property assets	(0.07)	2.24	230.48
CSG contributions levied on investment income	166.10	131.94	352.54
CSG contributions on gaming proceeds	4.98	5.78	7.19
CSG exemption offsets	0.00	0.00	0.03

CSG revenues, net of collection costs, amounted to €2,674.28 million.

CSG levied on wages and salaries (which is collected by ACOSS) represents 93.61% of the total. The remaining CSG (which is collected by the offices of the Public Finances Directorate) is levied mainly on income from investment (6.21%).

Note 12.1a

The table below provides a breakdown of income and charges relating to the CSG.

CSG REVENUES (€millions)	(I)	CSG COSTS	(II)	Net revenues (I-II)
CSG levied on wages and salaries (ACOSS)	2,515.85	Write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness	0.00	2,503.27
		Assessment and collection costs	12.58	
CSG levied on property assets	(0.07)	Assessment and collection costs	0.00	(0.07)
CSG levied on investment income	166.94	Assessment and collection costs	0.84	166.10
CSG levied on gaming proceeds	5.00	Assessment and collection costs	0.02	4.98
CSG exemption offsets	0.00		0.00	0.00
Reversal of provisions on outstanding CSG	0.00	Provisions on outstanding CSG	0.00	0.00
Total	2,687.72	Total	13.44	2,674.28

Note 12.2: Social levies on income from property and investment

Social levies on income from property and investment established are a new source of revenue allocated to CADES with effect from 1 January 2011 (Articles 245-14 and 245-15 of Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010). CADES receives a 1.3% portion of these levies, the rate of which is set at 5.4% as from 1 January 2012.

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
NET REVENUE FROM SOCIAL LEVIES	452.28	369.79	1,575.91
On income from property	(0.18)	6.04	624.26
On income from investment	452.46	363.75	951.65

Note 12.2a

The following table shows the breakdown of revenue and costs associated with social levies on income from property and investment.

REVENUES FROM SOCIAL LEVIES (€millions)	(I)	COSTS RELATING TO SOCIAL LEVIES	(II)	Net revenues (I-II)
Social levies on income from property	(0.18)	Assessment and collection costs	0.00	(0.18)
		Write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness	0.00	
Social levies on income from investment	454.73	Assessment and collection costs	2.27	452.46
Total	454.55	Total	2.27	452.28

Note 12.3: payments by the Retirement Reserve Fund (FRR)

The Retirement Reserve Fund paid €2.10 billion on 25 April 2012 in respect of the year 2012.

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
REVENUE FROM THE RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND	1,050.00	1,050.00	2,100.00
Revenue for the year	1,050.00	1,050.00	2,100.00

Note 13: General operating charges

Period ended (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
STAFF COSTS	0.50	0.57	1.00
Wages and salaries	0.37	0.42	0.72
Social security charges	0.13	0.15	0.28
OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	0.84	0.83	1.89
Taxes and duties	0.04	0.04	0.09
External services	0.80	0.79	1.80
Total	1.34	1.40	2.89

General operating charges correspond to expenditure falling within the scope of the administrative budget. They do not include the acquisition and the amortisation and depreciation of fixed assets (see Note 2). They decreased by 4.29% compared with 30 June 2011.

List of staff positions at 30 June 2012

Non-civil servant employees:

- 1 senior front office manager (grade A)
- 1 assistant front office manager (grade A)
- 2 market operators (grade A)
- 1 asset and liabilities matching strategist (grade A)
- 1 senior back office manager (grade A)
- 1 assistant back office manager (grade A)
- 1 bilingual executive secretary (grade C)

Civil servants:

- 1 general office manager (grade A)
- 1 administrative manager (grade A)

Note 13a: Property assets and property management

Period (€millions)	ended	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
REVENUES FROM PROPERTY ASSETS			0.43	0.43
Property sales			-	-
Rental income			-	-
Exceptional income			-	-
Provisions reversed			0.43	0.43
CHARGES ON PROPERTY ASSETS			-	0.01
Expenses on property sales			-	-
Change in unsold inventory			-	-
Staff costs			-	-
External services			-	0.01
Taxes			-	-
Exceptional charges			-	-
Provisions set aside			-	-

All the properties transferred to CADES on 1 January 2000 were sold over the next three years. Since 2007, CADES has managed the run-off of the last properties and of disputes.

Note 14: Other non-banking operating charges

Period (€millions)	ended	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
Payments to the State		-	-	-
Payments to social security agencies		-	-	-
Total		-	-	-

Note 15: Exceptional income

Period (€millions)	ended	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
Statutory limitation of debt – administrative budget		-	-	0.13
Statutory limitation of debt – financing budget		-	-	0.46
Other exceptional income		-	-	-
Total		-	-	0.59

The exceptional income corresponds to the statutory limitation on charges payable on the administrative and financing budgets (essentially commissions on commercial paper).

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

Off-balance sheet commitments, as reported, distinguish between commitments given and commitments received and are analyzed between loan commitments, guarantee obligations and guarantees on securities. Certain commitments are not recorded on the face of the accounts, being commitments in respect of currency transactions and forward financial instruments. Information regarding these commitments is provided in Notes 16 and 17 below.

Note 16: Currency transactions

At (€millions)	30 June 2012		30 June 2011		31 December 2011	
	Currencies to be received	Currencies to be delivered	Currencies to be received	Currencies to be delivered	Currencies to be received	Currencies to be delivered
FORWARD TRANSACTIONS Financing in foreign currency	59,267.34	-	56,693.64	-	53,772.58	-
Hedging transactions over the counter						
Forward exchange against euros	21,889.77		25,948.91		20,887.66	-
Up to 1 year	21,889.77		25,948.91		20,887.66	-
From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency swaps against euros	37,377.57	-	30,744.73	-	32,884.92	-
Up to 1 year	6,435.36	-	7,294.85	-	7,602.27	-
From 1 to 5 years	28,115.15	-	20,649.29	-	23,019.15	-
Over 5 years	2,827.06	-	2,800.59	-	2,263.50	-
FORWARD TRANSACTIONS Foreign currency financing commitments received	2,512.32	2,512.32	2,071.37	2,071.37	-	-
Hedging transactions over the counter						
Forward exchange against euros	129.48	129.48	17.30	17.30	-	-
Up to 1 year	-	129.48	-	17.30	-	-
From 1 to 5 years	129.48	-	17.30	-	-	-
Currency swaps against euros	2,382.84	2,382.84	2,054.07	2,054.07	-	-
Up to 1 year	-	2,382.84	-	2,054.07	-	-
From 1 to 5 years	2,382.84	-	1,951.34	-	-	-
Over 5 years	-	-	102.73	-	-	-

Forward exchange contracts against euro correspond to forward purchases entered into for the purpose of hedging commercial paper denominated in foreign currencies. The increase of 4.8% in outstandings as at 30 June 2012 compared with 31 December 2011 is due to increased borrowing (from taking on ACOSS debts).

The increase in currency swaps against euro is attributable to the increase in foreign currency EMTN issues.

Forward transactions on financing commitments received in foreign currencies correspond to:

- two forward foreign currency purchases entered into on 28 June with a value date of 2 July 2012 in the amount of GBP 12.5 million (€5.49 million) and on 29 June with a value date of 3 July 2012 in the amount of SEK 1 billion (€13.99 million);
- two foreign currency swaps entered into on 26 June with a value date of 3 July 2012 in the amount of USD 3 billion (€2,382.84 million).

Note 17: Forward financial instruments

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
INTEREST RATE INSTRUMENTS			
Organised markets and equivalents	-	-	-
Firm transactions entered into for hedging purposes	-	-	-
Euro Bobl futures contracts (5 years)	-	-	-
Euro Bund futures contracts (10 years)	-	-	-
Other firm transactions	-	-	-
Options entered into for hedging purposes	-	-	-
Other options	-	-	-
Over the counter	11,203.92	14,791.12	12,926.38
Firm transactions entered into for hedging purposes			
Interest rate swaps in euro	11,203.92	14,791.12	12,823.42
Micro hedging	10,592.16	14,035.98	12,161.66
- Up to 1 year	4,000.77	4,438.32	4,280.86
- From 1 to 5 years	5,404.85	8,042.12	6,325.26
- Over 5 years	1,186.54	1,555.54	1,555.54
Macro hedging	611.76	755.14	661.76
- Up to 1 year	225.00	100.00	50.00
- From 1 to 5 years	386.76	655.14	611.76
- Over 5 years	-	-	-
Isolated positions	-	-	-
- Up to 1 year	-	-	-
- From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-
- Over 5 years	-	-	-
Currency swaps	-	-	102.96
Micro hedging	-	-	102.96
- Up to 1 year	-	-	102.96
- From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-
- Over 5 years	-	-	-

Interest rate instruments entered into by CADES as at 30 June 2012 comprise:

- Swaps entered into for macro hedging purposes, consisting of inflation swaps amounting to €11.76 million, two having matured;
- Swaps amounting to €10,592.16 million entered into for micro hedging purposes, including swaps cancellable by counterparties of €3,060.60 million.

In 2007 and 2008, CADES entered into swaps under which it receives 3-month Euribor less a haircut and pays a fixed rate. These swaps may be rescinded by the counterparties six months after inception and then every three months.

These cancellable swaps, which qualify as micro hedges, are used to transform CADES' adjustable rate structured transactions into fixed rate transactions for at least six months. Each swap is therefore systematically backed to a swap already held in portfolio by CADES. If the swaps are cancelled, CADES reverts to its initial refinancing level.

These swaps were authorised by the Board of Directors on 28 November 2007. They are designated as micro hedges (Category b of Regulations No. 90-15 and 88-02) pursuant to French banking regulations (*Réglementation Bancaire*).

Note 18: Other off-balance sheet commitments

At (€millions)	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	31 December 2011
FINANCING COMMITMENTS			
Commitments received			
<i>From credit institutions</i>			
- Back-up credit lines	700.00	700.00	700.00
- Multi-currency credit lines	-	-	-
- Credit lines in treasury bills	2,000.00	6,000.00	5,000.00
- Other credit lines	9,000.00	13,000.00	9,000.00
<i>Sundry</i>			
- Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites</i>)	25,200.00		27,300.00
- Borrowings	3,052.84	27,300.00	-
- Commercial paper and lent under repurchase agreements	129.48	2,054.07	81.98
		17.30	
Commitments given			
Payments to the State	-	-	-
Payments to social security agencies	-	-	-
- First assumption of debt provided for by 2011 Social Security Finance Act	5,780.55	13,000.00	2,700.00
- Second assumption of debt provided for by 2011 Social Security Finance Act	52,271.40	62,000.00	62,000.00
Financing commitments given under repurchase agreements	300.00	97.00	69.04

Commitments received consist of:

- four back-up credit lines totalling €700 million that are cancellable by the counterparty at 30 days' notice;
- one bilateral line for the purchase of commercial paper issued by CADES for a total amount of €2 billion maturing on 23 August 2012;
- a credit line of €9 billion due on 14 December 2012 and cancelled on 3 August 2012;
- a total of €5.2 billion in payments from the Retirement Reserve Fund, corresponding to the annual payments of €2.1 billion for the period from 2013 to 2024, pursuant to the 2011 Social Security Funding Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010;
- three loan agreements, one entered into on 19 June with a value date of 2 July 2012 in the amount of €60 million, one entered into on 28 June with a value date of 5 July 2012 in the amount of €10 million, and one entered into on 26 June with a value date of 3 July 2012 in the amount of USD 3 billion (€2,382.84 million);
- two ECP agreements, one entered into on 28 June with a value date of 2 July 2012 in the amount of GBP 12.5 million (€5.49 million) and one entered into on 29 June with a value date of 3 July 2012 in the amount of SEK 1 billion (€13.99 million).

Commitments given consist of:

- the debts assumed pursuant to the 2011 Social Security Funding Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, namely:
- the balance of €5.78 billion of the €68 billion deficit forecast for 2009 and 2010 for the Health, Maternity, Incapacity and Death Insurance branch, the Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers Insurance branch and the Family Insurance branch of the French social security system and for 2011 for the Health, Maternity, Incapacity and Death Insurance branch and the Family insurance branch;

This balance of €5.78 billion corresponds to the difference between the maximum amount assumed in accordance with Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010 (€68 billion), the amounts paid by CADES (€65.30 billion) and the adjustment in CADES' favour (€3.08 billion).

At 30 June 2012, because the amount of the 2011 deficits was still provisional and had not been approved this balance

continued to be recognised under commitments given.

- the €2.27 billion balance of the deficits of 2011 to 2018 for the Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers Insurance branch (branch 3) of the French social security system, subject to an overall limit of €2 billion for the period and a yearly maximum of €1 billion. These payments are to be made by 30 June each year as from 2012.
- all 2012 payments stipulated by Decree No. 2012-329 of 7 March 2012, as made in the first six months of the year.
- the purchase of an ACOSS security entered into on 7 June with a value date of 2 July 2012 in the amount of €300 million.

Note 19: Abridged statements

BALANCE SHEET

At	30 June
(€millions)	2012
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD FROM 1 JANUARY 2012	(149,594.02)
PROFIT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2012	4,978.07
PROPERTY ENDOWMENT	181.22
DEBT REMAINING TO BE REPAID AT 31 DECEMBER 2011	(144,434.72)
Represented by:	
Liabilities towards third parties	
- Borrowings falling due within 1 year	52,637.39
- Borrowings falling due after 1 year	120,819.39
- Other creditors, accruals and unearned income	4,782.63
Less assets held by CADES	
- Financial investments	29,852.67
- Other debtors, prepayments and accrued income	6,103.77
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	
Period	ended
(€millions)	30 June
	2012
NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES	6,147.91
NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR)	1,050.00
NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY	0.00
Interest payable and similar charges	(2,443.69)
Fees	(43.39)
Interest receivable and similar income	268.60
NET FINANCIAL CHARGES	(2,218.48)
Operating charges	(1.36)
OPERATING PROFIT	4,978.07
Payments to the State	0.00
Exceptional income	0.00
NET PROFIT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2012	4,978.07

OTHER INFORMATION

The table below provides information on market value, comparing the debt at repayment value as at 30 June 2012 with the debt at market value.

Debt at repayment value as at closing date comprises the following elements:

- (a) The nominal value of fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate borrowings in euros;
- (b) The nominal value of the fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate euro legs of basis swaps representing perfect transformation of foreign currency-denominated borrowings into euro-denominated borrowings;
- (c) The accrued nominal value of inflation indexed bonds as at 30 June 2012.
- (d) Interest accrued but not yet due is excluded from debt at repayment value.

Debt at repayment value at maturity comprises the following elements:

- (a) The nominal value of fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate borrowings in euro.
- (b) The nominal value of the fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate euro legs of swaps representing perfect transformation of foreign currency-denominated borrowings into euro-denominated borrowings.
- (c) The projected nominal value at maturity of inflation indexed bonds.
- (d) The market value of swaps used for macro hedging.

Debt at market value comprises the following elements:

- (a) The value of the fixed rate bonds and inflation indexed bonds based on the average market price on 30 June 2012.
- (b) The value of unlisted securities issued by CADES obtained using the CADES zero coupon curve as at 30 June 2012. Options embedded in certain of these securities are valued using an internal model based on standard valuation software developed and marketed by an independent service provider.
- (c) The value of derivatives used to transform part of the debt through micro hedging. Options embedded in certain of these instruments are valued using the same internal model.
- (d) The value of derivatives used for macro hedging.
- (e) The present value at 30 June 2012 of collateral, repurchase agreements and bank balances.

(in millions of euros)	DEBT AT REPAYMENT VALUE		DEBT AT MARKET VALUE	MARKET VALUE OF HEDGING TRANSACTIONS
	AT MATURITY	AT 30 JUNE 2012	AT 30 JUNE 2012	AT 30 JUNE 2012
UP TO 1 YEAR	23,120.81	23,116.09	23,318.47	1,475.53
FROM 1 TO 5 YEARS	66,333.63	66,278.88	69,558.66	2,648.60
OVER 5 YEARS	54,986.38	53,173.16	58,424.57	455.07
SWAPS	(10.06)	0.00	(10.06)	(10.06)
TOTAL	144,430.77	142,568.13	151,291.64	4,569.14
REVISABLE RATES	40,228.23	34,501.84	40,559.12	3,644.13
INDEXED RATES	16,226.66	14,369.68	14,886.90	0.00
FIXED RATES	87,985.94	93,696.61	95,855.68	935.07
SWAPS	(10.06)	0.00	(10.06)	(10.06)
TOTAL	144,430.77	142,568.13	151,291.64	4,569.14

Compared with prior years, at 30 June 2012 there had been an increase in medium and long-term debt, and a sharp decrease in short-term debt, as indicated by the table below:

Debt	30 June 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Short-term (under 1 year)	16.21%	28.95%	7.67%
Medium-term	46.49%	38.22%	47.93%
Long-term (over 5 years)	37.30%	32.83%	44.40%

As regards the breakdown between issues denominated in euro and other currencies, this remained stable in the first six months of 2012, as indicated by the table below:

Debt	30 June 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
In foreign currencies	33.09%	33.00%	34.24%
In euros	66.91%	67.00%	65.76%

Lastly, the table below shows the increase in fixed rate issues compared with revisable rate issues relative to 2011:

Debt	30 June 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Revisable rate	24.20%	36.45%	8.12%
Indexed rate	10.08%	9.78%	12.98%
Fixed rate	65.72%	53.77%	78.90%

Explanation of variances between market value and repayment value of debt:

The difference between the market value of the debt and its repayment value is explained by the following factors:

- The market value of fixed rate loans increased because of the decline in interest rates;
- Market value factors in the present value of future coupons whereas the repayment value excludes coupons; and
- Gains and losses on macro hedging and inflation swaps impact market value one way or the other.

The above information covers a significant part of CADES' main activity, which is to repay in the best possible conditions the debt it raises on the financial markets.



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CADES

Rapport de l'auditeur indépendant sur l'examen limité des comptes semestriels

Période du 1^{er} janvier 2012 au 30 juin 2012

CADES

15, rue Marsollier – 75002 Paris

Ce rapport contient 41 pages

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aux comptes à directeur et
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Rapport d'examen limité sur les comptes semestriels de la CADES

Période du 1^{er} janvier 2012 au 30 juin 2012

Mesdames, Messieurs,

En exécution de la mission qui nous a été confiée par lettre en date du 30 juillet 2010, nous avons effectué un examen limité des comptes semestriels de la Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale (CADES), relatifs à la période du 1^{er} janvier 2012 au 30 juin 2012, tels qu'ils sont joints au présent rapport.

Responsabilité de la direction dans l'établissement et la présentation des états financiers

Ces comptes ont été établis sous la responsabilité de l'Agent Comptable de la CADES. Il nous appartient, sur la base de notre examen limité, d'exprimer notre conclusion sur ces comptes.

Responsabilité de l'auditeur

Nous avons effectué notre examen limité selon les normes de l'IFAC qui s'appliquent à un examen limité (International Standard on Review Engagements 2410). Un examen limité de comptes intermédiaires consiste à obtenir les informations estimées nécessaires, principalement auprès des personnes responsables des aspects comptables et financiers, et à mettre en œuvre des procédures analytiques ainsi que tout autre procédure appropriée. Un examen de cette nature ne comprend pas tous les contrôles propres à un audit effectué selon les normes professionnelles applicables en France. Il ne permet donc pas d'obtenir l'assurance d'avoir identifié tous les points significatifs qui auraient pu l'être dans le cadre d'un audit et, de ce fait, nous n'exprimons pas une opinion d'audit.

Opinion

Sur la base de notre examen limité, nous n'avons pas relevé d'anomalies significatives de nature à remettre en cause, au regard des règles et principes comptables français, la régularité et la sincérité des comptes intermédiaires et l'image fidèle qu'ils donnent du résultat des opérations du semestre ainsi que de la situation financière et du patrimoine de l'établissement à la fin de cette période.

Sans remettre en cause la conclusion exprimée ci-dessus, nous attirons votre attention sur le paragraphe 5 des principes et méthodes comptables et la note 12 qui précisent les modalités de comptabilisation de la contribution au remboursement de la dette sociale (CRDS), de la contribution sociale généralisée (CSG), et des prélèvements sociaux de 1,3% sur les revenus du patrimoine et les produits de placement. Les revenus de CRDS, les revenus de CSG et les revenus sur prélèvements sociaux sur les revenus du patrimoine et les produits de placement comptabilisés sont issus des notifications envoyées à la CADES par l'ACOSS et la direction générale des finances publiques (DGFIP) qui sont les organismes collecteurs. Les compétences de la CADES en matière de recettes se limitent à une vérification comptable formelle des pièces produites par les organismes recouvreurs. Les produits à recevoir inscrits au 30 juin 2012 correspondent aux encaissements du mois de juillet 2012.

Paris la Défense, le 9 octobre 2012

KPMG Audit
Département de KPMG S.A.



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CADES

English translation of the Independent auditor's report on limited review of Half-Year Financial Statements

For the period from 1 January 2012 to 30 June 2012

CADES

15, rue Marsollier – 75002 Paris

This report contains 41 pages

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CADES

15, rue Marsollier – 75002 Paris

English translation of the Independent auditor's report on limited review of Half-Year Financial Statements

For the period from 1 January 2012 to 30 June 2012

As appointed by you in the letter dated July 30, 2010, we have conducted a limited review of the accompanying half-year financial statements of Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale (CADES), for the six-month period ended 30 June 2012.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

These financial statements have been prepared under the responsibility of the Agent Comptable of CADES. Our responsibility is to draw a conclusion on these financial statements, based on our limited review.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our review in accordance with IFAC standards for a limited review (ISRE 2410). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in France and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.


Opinion

Based on our limited review, we have not found any material misstatements that cause to believe that the half year-financial statements, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in France, do not present fairly, in all material aspects, the results of operations for the six-month period and the financial position at that date.

Without qualifying our conclusion expressed above, we draw the attention to the note 5 of the accounting principles and methods and to the note 12 which describe the applicable accounting treatment of the social security debt repayment contribution (CRDS), the generalised social contribution (CSG) and the 1.3% levy tax on capital income. The revenues of CRDS, CSG and 1.3% levy tax on capital income recorded are provided by ACOSS and DGFIP which are the collectors. The role of CADES in connection to the revenues of CRDS, CSG and 1.3% levy tax on capital income only consists of ensuring that the amounts included in the supports provided by the collectors are properly recorded. Accrued income booked on 30 June 2012 corresponds to gross amounts collected in July 2012.

Paris la Défense, 9 October 2012

KPMG Audit
A division of KPMG S.A.



Hubert de Vaumas
Partner

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