

CAISSE D'AMORTISSEMENT DE LA DETTE SOCIALE

Établissement public national administratif (French national public entity)

(Established in Paris, France)

EURO 130,000,000,000

DEBT ISSUANCE PROGRAMME

This first prospectus supplement (the "**Supplement**") which has obtained visa n°14-541 on 8 October 2014 from the *Autorité* des marchés financiers (the "**AMF**") is supplemental to and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus dated 10 June 2014 granted visa n°14-283 on 10 June 2014 by the AMF, (the "**Base Prospectus**") prepared by the *Caisse* d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale ("**CADES**" or the "**Issuer**") with respect to the Euro 130,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme (the "**Programme**"). Terms defined in the Base Prospectus have the same meaning when used in this Supplement.

This Supplement has been prepared pursuant to Article 16.1 of Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended by Directive 2010/73/EU, the "**Prospectus Directive**") and article 212-25 of the AMF's General Regulation.

By virtue of this Supplement, CADES is providing the following information: (i) the semi-annual financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2014, (ii) an updated Element B.12 (*Selected historical key financial information*) in the Summary and Issue Specific Summary of the Programme, and (iii) a modification to the General Information section.

Copies of this Supplement will be available without charge (i) on the website of the AMF (<u>www.amf-france.org</u>) and (ii) on the website of the Issuer (<u>www.cades.fr</u>).

Save as disclosed in this Supplement, there has been no other significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in the Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of the Notes issued under the Programme since the publication of the Base Prospectus.

To the extent applicable, and provided that the conditions of Article 212-25 I of the AMF's General Regulation are fulfilled, investors who have already agreed to purchase or subscribe for Notes to be issued under the Programme before this Supplement is published, have the right, according to Article 212-25 II of the AMF's General Regulation, to withdraw their acceptances by no later than 10 October 2014.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

1. MISSION STATEMENT

Order No. 96-50 dated 24 January 1996¹ established the Social Security Debt Repayment Fund (*Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale – CADES*) on 1 January 1996. CADES is an administrative public agency (*Etablissement Public à Caractère Administratif – EPA*) supervised by the French Minister of the Economy and Finance and the Minister in charge of Social Security.

CADES' mission is to:

- Amortize the social security debt transferred to it, i.e. the cumulative deficits of the Central Agency of Social Security Bodies (*Agence Centrale des Organismes de Sécurité Sociale ACOSS*); and
- Make payments to various social security funds and organisations.

CADES' mandate has been extended beyond 31 January 2014 as decided initially to until such date as the social security debt transferred to it has been fully extinguished.

In the furtherance of its mission, CADES receives the proceeds of a special tax known as the social security debt repayment contribution (*Contribution pour le Remboursement de la Dette Sociale – CRDS*), introduced in Chapter 2 of the aforementioned Order. It also received the proceeds from the sale of property assets owned and leased by the national agencies falling under the basic social security scheme and ACOSS.

Since 2009, a 0.2% portion of the supplementary social security contribution (*Contribution Sociale Généralisée* – *CSG*) had been paid to CADES. From 2011 this portion was increased to 0.48% for CSG on all taxable employment income, unemployment and similar benefits, income from property and investment proceeds; and to 0.28% for profits from gaming.

Starting in 2011, two new resources have been allocated to CADES:

- a 1.3% share of the social levies on income from property and investments;
 - an annual payment of $\notin 2.1$ billion from the Retirement Reserve Fund (*Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites FRR*) until 2024 inclusive.

CADES is authorised to borrow funds, in particular via public offerings and the issuance of negotiable debt securities.

Moreover, CADES benefits from repayments of receivables from foreign social security agencies to the national health insurance fund for salaried workers (*Caisse Nationale d'Assurance Maladie des Travailleurs Salariés – CNAMTS*).

Lastly, in accordance with Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004, any future surpluses generated by the health insurance branch of the French social security system will be allocated to CADES. The Social Security Finance Act will define the terms under which this transfer will take place.

2. ORGANIZATION OF THE AGENCY

CADES is overseen by a Board of Directors and a Supervisory Board.

The composition of the Board of Directors was altered by Decree No. 2011-458 of 26 April 2011. It now comprises a majority of representatives of social security bodies, whereas it was previously composed solely of government representatives.

It is governed by the provisions of Decree No. 2012-1246 dated 7 November 2012² relating to public budget and accounting management (GBCP), subject to the legal provisions and regulations specific to CADES (aforementioned Order of 24 January 1996, and Decree No. 96-353 dated 24 April 1996).

 ¹ As modified by Social Security Finance Act No. 97-1164 of 19 December 1997, Act No. 98-1194 of 23 December 1998, the 2001, 2002, and 2006 Finance Acts, the 2003, 2004, 2006 and 2008 Social Security Finance Acts, Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004 relating to health insurance, Organic Law No. 2005-881 of 2 August 2005, Act No. 2008-1249 of 1 December 2008, Order No. 2009-80 of 22 January 2009, Act No. 2009-1646 of 24 December 2009, Act No. 2010-476 of 12 May 2010, Organic Law No. 2010-1380 of 13 November 2010, Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, Act No. 2010-1657 of 29 December 2010, Act No. 2010-1658 of 29 December 2010, Act No. 2011-1906 of 21 December 2011, Act No. 2012-354 of 14 March 2012 and Act No. 2012-958 of 16 August 2012.

² Decree No. 2012-1246 of 7 November 2012 relating to public budget and accounting management (GBCP) revokes as from 1 January 2013 Decree No. 53-1227 of 10 December 1953 (and amendments thereto), relating to the accounting policies applicable to French administrative public agencies, and Decree No. 62-1587 dated 29 December 1962 (and amendments thereto), defining general public-sector accounting rules, which were previously applicable to CADES.

Pursuant to the provisions of the aforementioned Decrees, financial and accounting transactions fall under the responsibility of Mr. Patrice Ract Madoux, the Authorising Officer of CADES and Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Mr. Didier Maupas, its Chief Accounting Officer and a Finance ministry budgetary and accounting auditor.

CADES' annual budget is drawn up by 30 November of the previous year by the Board of Directors and approved by the ministers who supervise the agency.

Financing is limited to appropriated funds, excluding expenses related to the repayment of loans, financial management costs, and assessment and collection charges.

The Board of Directors reviews and signs off the accounts drawn up by the Accounting Officer. The financial statements are then forwarded to the General Director of the Public Finances Directorate (*Direction Générale des Finances Publiques – DGFiP*) prior to submission to the Government Audit Office (*Cour des Comptes*).

CADES' Board of Directors examines and approves the accounts. In parallel, the Board ensures that CADES maintains a healthy underlying financial basis over its scheduled lifetime by updating its revenue forecasts on the basis of changes in the amortisation schedule of the debt carried on the balance sheet as a liability and debt servicing charges.

Accounting procedures and principles are subject to a contractual, independent audit. In addition, CADES is subject to financial audits conducted by the government, in accordance with the Order of 19 May 2009; and audits carried out by the Government Audit Office.

Accounting transactions are recorded by CADES in an information system managed using software that is shared by the Authorising Officer and the Accounting Officer. The system is networked and features a single database. Authorisations for displaying and processing data have been clearly defined so as to enable the Accounting Officer and the Authorising Officer to exercise their respective powers.

3. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR RECORDING ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

Accounting framework

Article 7 of Decree No. 96-353 of 24 April 1996, relating to CADES, calls for the adoption of a special chart of accounts drawn up in accordance with the standard chart of accounts for administrative public agencies (Instruction M 9-1 from the Public Finances Directorate).

This chart of accounts being modelled on the general chart of accounts, it was found to be poorly suited to CADES' activity. Consequently, the Board of Directors decided on 10 October 1996 to adopt the chart of accounts used by credit institutions.

Consequently, both the transactions and the annual financial statements submitted by the Accounting Officer are presented in accordance with standards specific to credit institutions. In addition, separate financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the regulatory standard set out in Instruction M 9-1, for submission to audit organisations.

This specific accounting framework was recommended by an independent consulting firm and approved by the Authorising Officer, the Accounting Officer, the General Directorate of Public Accounting and the French Accounting Standards Board (*Conseil National de la Comptabilité – CNC*) (Opinion No. 99-04, plenary session of 18 March 1999).

Transactions executed by the Accounting Officer

Transactions executed by CADES' Accounting Officer differ from those traditionally executed by Accounting Officers at other administrative public agencies.

Due to CADES' status as a market participant, specific structures have been set up in conformity with the agency's mission. For example, financing transactions are distinguished from administrative transactions.

1. Financing transactions

The administrative workflow of financing transactions reflects the existence of Front Office, Middle Office and Back Office services.

The Front Office is responsible for transactions in the financial, interest rate and currency markets, in accordance with defined limits and procedures. These routine transactions relate to financing, investment and the management of interest rate and foreign exchange exposures.

A sequentially numbered ticket is issued for each transaction, describing its main features, and validated by the Front Office. The Back Office then verifies and validates the ticket before forwarding it to the Accounting Officer.

The Middle Office gathers information on cash positions, draws up forecasts, provides repayment schedules, and performs a first-level plausibility check of Front Office transactions.

The Back Office records and validates the transactions processed by the Front Office after verifying that formal presentation and threshold requirements are met. The Back Office monitors risk, produces reports and liaises with the Accounting Departments.

The Accounting Officer then records transaction tickets as income or expenses.

2. Administrative transactions

Performance of the administrative section of the budget is done in compliance with the provisions of the Decree No. 2012-1246 dated 7 November 2012 relating to public budget and accounting management (GBCP). Administrative expenses are evidenced by payment orders and income by receipt orders, accompanied by the appropriate supporting vouchers and documents.

After due completion of the control procedures described in Articles 19 and 20 relating to the aforementioned GBCP, items of expenditure and income are recognised in the accounts and the amounts are paid or collected.

3. Cash movements

CADES has opened a euro-denominated deposit account in the books of SCBCM Finances that is listed in the register of government accounts.

In the books of CADES, entries to the debit of this account record expenses falling within the administrative budget. Only the Accounting Officer may authorize these payments. Since 1 January 2014 entries to the credit of this account record solely revenue from CRDS levies on sales of precious metals and gems paid over by the Public Finances Directorate network. This takes the form of daily transfers from the Public Finances Directorate departmental (DDFIP) and regional (DRFIP) offices.

Since 1 September 2005, CADES has had its own remunerated account with the Banque de France that is distinct from the dedicated Treasury account. Movements to this account comprise all euro-denominated financial transactions completed by CADES and all CRDS and CSG revenue paid over by ACOSS. Once again, only the Accounting Officer may authorize expenditures.

The balance on the deposit account is transferred to CADES' own account twice weekly.

In addition, CADES has opened accounts with foreign financial institutions in New York, London and Frankfurt.

These are intended to be zero-balance accounts. They record all transactions related to CADES issues in currencies other than the euro and their transformation into euro-denominated structures on the international markets.

Due to management constraints attributable primarily to the time lag between the European, Asian, American and Australian markets, CADES has been dispensed from applying the provision of the decree relating to the GBCP, which states that only public accounting officers may authorize transactions affecting the financial accounts. Accordingly, the Back Office carries out transactions on CADES' foreign currency accounts.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

NET DEBT AT REPAYMENT VALUE

(€ millions)	
At 30 June 2014	135,545
At 30 June 2013	138,052
At 31 December 2013	131,965

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
Net profit	5,364	5,208	12,443
Primarily reflecting the following items:			
CRDS and CSG net revenue	5,678	5,606	12,330
Social levies on income from property and investments net of expenses	326	335	1,412
Retirement Reserve Fund (Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR)	1,050	1,050	2,100
Interest expenses	(1,689)	(1,783)	(3,397)
General operating charges	(1)	(1)	(2)

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The table above distinguishes between interest expenses and general operating charges.

BALANCE SHEET

At (Construction)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
(€ millions)			
ASSETS			
Cash in hand, balances with central banks	196.32	197.76	207.98
and post office banks (Note 1) Treasury bills and other bills eligible for			
refinancing with central banks (Note 1)	1,540.01	2,250.01	7,000.39
Loans and advances to credit institutions			
(Note 1)			
- Repayable at sight	0.42	42.88	0.73
- Repayable at term	3,969.32	5,487.09	85.00
Intangible assets (Note 2)	0.00	0.01	0.00
Tangible assets (Note 2)	0.00	0.01	0.00
Other assets (Note 3)	187.10	151.56	815.94
Prepayments and accrued income (Note 4)	2,079.19	2,789.01	1,900.87
TOTAL ASSETS	7,972.47	10,918.43	1,900.87
LIABILITIES & RESERVES			
Amounts owed to credit institutions (Note			
5)			
- Payable at sight	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Payable at term	1,073.72	1,017.45	1,003.37
Debts evidenced by securities (Note 6)			
 Negotiable debt instruments 	7,684.35	9,866.53	11,765.50
 Bonds and similar instruments 	133,258.64	136,563.64	127,508.28
- Other debts evidenced by securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other liabilities (Note 7)	641.40	1,218.40	229.47
Accruals and deferred income (Note 8)	2,688.75	2,226.88	2,243.14
Sub-total – Liabilities	145,346.86	150,892.90	142,749.76
Provisions (Note 8a)	0.25	0.23	0.24
Property endowment	181.22	181.22	181.22
Retained earnings	(142,920.21)	(145,363.51)	(145,363.51)
Profit for the period	5,364.35	5,207.59	12,443.31
Sub-total – Reserves	(137,374.64)	(139,974.70)	(132,738.98)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESERVES	7,972.47	10,918.43	10,011.02

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Period ended (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
Interest receivable and similar income (Note 9)	307.30	311.10	598.82
- From transactions with credit institutions	10.11	16.29	30.90
- From bonds and other fixed income securities	3.22	0.45	0.96
- Other interest receivable and similar income	293.97	294.36	566.96
Interest payable and similar charges (Note 10)	(1,979.25)	(2,078.63)	(3,971.51)
- On transactions with credit institutions	(20.57)	(20.39)	(40.99)
- On bonds and other fixed income securities	(1,958.68)	(2,058.24)	(3,930.52)
Fees payable (Note 10)	(17.01)	(15.05)	(24.16)
Gains and losses on trading securities (Note 11)	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.02)
- Net profit (loss) on foreign exchange transactions	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.02)
Gains and losses on investment securities (Note 11a)	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Net profit (loss) on investment securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other operating income – banking	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other operating charges – banking	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.04)
NET BANKING INCOME	(1,688.98)	(1,782.65)	(3,396.91)
General operating charges (Note 13)	(1.24)	(1.20)	(2.83)
- Staff costs	(0.44)	(0.43)	(1.03)
- Other administrative expenses	(0.80)	(0.77)	(1.80)
Depreciation and impairment provisions - intangible	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.04)
and tangible assets	7 095 20	7 021 27	16 020 04
Other operating income	7,085.39	7,021.37	16,030.94
- Income relating to CRDS and CSG (Notes 12a and 12.1a)	5,706.82	5,634.42	12,483.90
- Income relating to social levies on income from property and investments (Note 12.2a)	328.57	336.95	1,444.90
- Income from Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR</i>) (Note 12.3)	1,050.00	1,050.00	2,100.00
- Income from property (Note 13a)	0.00	0.00	0.13
- Provisions reversed for receivables (Notes 12a and 12.1a)	0.00	0.00	2.01
Other operating charges	(31.08)	(29.90)	(188.15)
- Charges relating to CRDS and CSG (Notes 12a and			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
12.1a)	(28.98)	(28.18)	(137.79)
- Charges relating to social levies on income from property and investments (Note 12.2a)	(2.10)	(1.70)	(32.59)
- Payments to the State (Note 14)	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Payments to social security agencies (Note 14)	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Provision for doubtful debts relating to CRDS and CSG			
(Notes 12a, 12.1a and 12.2a)	0.00	0.00	(17.77)
- Charges related to property (Note 13a)	0.00	(0.02)	0.00
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	5,364.09	5,207.59	12,443.01
OPERATING PROFIT	5,364.09	5,207.59	12,443.01
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	5,364.09	5,207.59	12,443.01
TAXATION - Exceptional income (Note 15)	0.26	0.00	0.30
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	5,364.35	5,207.59	12,443.01

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flow	Period ended	30 June 2014	31 December	31 December
(€ millions)			2013	2012
Net banking income		(1,689)	(3,397)	(4,072)
Inflation premiums		74	79	213
Provisions for financial instruments		0	0	0
Amortisation of premiums and balancing payments		(42)	(67)	(58)
Change in accrued interest		15	(105)	95
Net cash from (used in) banking activities	(A)	(1,642)	(3,490)	(3,822)
Net operating income		7,053	15,840	16,021
(Increase) decrease in accrued income from CRDS and CSG		187	34	(136)
(Increase)/decrease in accruals on social levies set at 2.2%		(155)	189	(24)
(Increase)/decrease in deferred expenses		(3)	(5)	(12)
Unearned income (FRR)		1,050	0	Ó
Provisions – sundry allocations or reversals		0	0	0
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	(B)	8,132	16,058	15,849
Net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities	(C=A+B)	6,490	12,568	12,027
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(D)	1,922	(6,199)	(10,491)
Debt assumed	(E)	(10,000)	(7,718)	(6,648)
Net cash flow for the year	(<i>C</i> + <i>D</i> + <i>E</i>)	(1,588)	(1,349)	(5,112)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period		7,294	8,643	13,755
Cash and cash equivalents at close of period		5,706	7,294	8,643
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,588)	(1,349)	(5,112)

The cash flow statement takes into account the following items:

• A – net cash from (used in) banking activities

This is net banking income (debts plus income from derivatives and cash instruments) less income and expenses with no effect on the cash position (provisions, amortisation of issuance and redemption premiums, accrued interest, revaluation of index-linked bonds, etc.).

• B – <u>net cash from (used in) operating activities</u>

This is the operating profit or loss (mainly income from CRDS and CSG, social levies on income from property and investments and from the FRR) less income and expenses with no effect on the cash position (accrued income or deferred expenses).

• C – <u>net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities</u>

This consists of net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities (C = A + B).

• D – net cash from (used in) financing activities

These are the cash flows resulting from debt issuance and debt repayment during the period.

E – social security debt assumed

Social security debt assumed represents the disbursements made during the period by CADES in respect of debt assumed from social security funding organisations.

The net change in cash and cash equivalents reflects the following cash flows:

- net cash from (used in) banking and operating activities (C);
- net cash from (used in) financing activities (D); and
- social security debt assumed (E).

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

At (€ millions) (notes 16-18)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
COMMITMENTS GIVEN (note 18)			
Financing commitments			
Payments to various social security bodies (Article 4.IV of Order 96-50 of 24 January 1996)	<u>.</u>	-	-
 First assumption of debt provided for by the 2011 Social Security Finance Act 	-	-	-
 Second assumption of debt provided for by the 2011 Social Security Finance Act 	33,609.04	43,609.04	43,609.04
Financing commitments given: acquired under repurchase agreements	420.08	1,020.95	-
COMMITMENTS RECEIVED (note 18)			
- From credit institutions: credit lines	2,300.00	1,700.00	3,300.00
- From credit institutions: credit lines in treasury bills	1,500.00	2,500.00	1,000.00
- Financing commitments received: borrowings	-	-	-
- Financing commitments received: commercial paper and lent under repurchase agreements	-	-	-
- Financing commitments received: payments from the Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites</i>)	21,000.00	23,100.00	23,100.00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 2014

Social security debts assumed

Under the 2011 Social Security Funding Act (*Loi de Financement de la Sécurité Sociale – LFSS*) 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, CADES was required to take on the following new debts:

Firstly, up to a maximum of €68 billion and by 31 December 2011 at the latest:

- the 2009 and 2010 deficits for the three branches of the general system Health, Maternity, Incapacity and Death; Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers; and Family, and of the Senior Citizens' Solidarity Fund (*Fonds de solidarité vieillesse FSV*).
- the provisional 2011 deficit for the two branches Health, Maternity, Incapacity and Death; and Family.

Decree No. 2011-20 of 5 January 2011 set the dates and amounts to be paid, in a total amount of \notin 65.30 billion, for the assumption of these deficits.

Secondly, the 2011 to 2018 deficits for the Senior Citizens, Widows and Widowers branch and of the Senior Citizens' Solidarity Fund, subject to an overall maximum of ϵ 62 billion and a yearly maximum of ϵ 10 billion. These payments are made by 30 June each year as from 2012.

Decree No. 2012-329 of 7 March 2012 set the payment for 2012 based on the provisional 2011 deficits at €9.73 billion. .

However, taking into account an adjustment of $\notin 3.08$ billion in favour of CADES in respect of the first assumption of debts, arising from the difference between on the one hand the cumulative amount of the deficits recorded for 2009 and 2010 plus the provisional deficit for 2011 and, on the other hand, the amount of the payments made by CADES in 2011 under this heading, the end result is a payment of $\notin 6.65$ billion in 2012.

Decree No. 2013-482 of 7 June 2013 set the payment for 2013 based on the final amount of the 2012 deficits at €8.92 billion.

However, taking into account an adjustment of $\notin 1.20$ billion in favour of CADES ($\notin 0.94$ billion in respect of the first assumption of debts and $\notin 0.26$ billion in respect of the second), the end result was a payment of $\notin 7.72$ billion in 2013.

Article 16 of the 2014 Social Security Funding Act no. 2013-1203 now includes the deficits of the Family and Health branches in the deficits covered by the second assumption of debts and brings forward the cut-off date for taking into account these deficits from 2018 to 2017, but does not change the \in 62 billion limit for the period or the \in 10 billion yearly limit.

Decree No. 2014-97 of 3 February 2014 provides for a readjustment of \notin 19.20 for the 2011 deficit of the Family branch of the general system, which was paid to ACOSS on 6 February 2014. It also set at \notin 10 billion the payment for 2014 based on the provisional 2012 deficit of the Health branch and the provisional 2013 deficit of the Senior Citizens branch and of the FSV.

The future deficit assumptions relating to this second assumption of debts remaining to be carried out at 30 June 2014 have been recognised off-balance sheet as commitments given, in the amount of \notin 33.61 billion.

• Financing transactions

Issues (excluding commercial paper)

CADES borrowed €12.45 billion:

- two new issues under the UK programme in USD for an amount of €5.85 billion;
- three new issues under the French programme (one in AUD, one in EUR and one in GBP) for an amount of €5.35 billion;
- two tap issues under the French programme (in EUR and in GBP) for an amount of €1.25 billion.

Redemptions (excluding commercial paper)

CADES reimbursed €7.33 billion at maturity:

- eight issues made under the French programme (three in USD, one in GBP, two in JPY and two in EUR) for an amount of €6.33 billion;
- one issue made under the UK programme in EUR for an amount of €1 billion.

• Credit lines

Commitments received as at 30 June 2014 comprise:

- four back-up credit lines totalling €700 million which are cancellable by the counterparty at 30 days' notice;
 - two bilateral lines for the purchase of commercial paper issued by CADES for a total amount of €1.5 billion: o maturing for €0.5 billion on 2 July 2014, and
 - for $\in 1$ billion on 1 December 2014;
- three renewable credit lines for a total amount of $\in 1.6$ billion:
 - o maturing for €0.5 billion on 4 July 2014,
 - o for €0.5 billion on 4 November 2014, and
 - o for €0.6 billion on 27 August 2014.

• Change of the contributions payment channel with effect from the 2014 financial year

Article 17 of the 2014 Social Security Funding Act changed the payment channel for social levies on income from investments, property, gaming and foreign sources as well as profits made on the exercise of options, with effect from 1 January 2014, all such payments now being collected by ACOSS. ACOSS rather than the DGFIP (*Direction Générale des Finances Publiques* or Public Finances Directorate) now distributes this income among the various beneficiaries, including CADES.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND METHODS

1. Basis of valuation and presentation

The accounting policies adopted by CADES meet two requirements.

Given that the activity of CADES is essentially financial, the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting regulations applicable to credit institutions and financial institutions as well as with generally accepted accounting principles in France. In particular, CADES has applied the accrual concept and the prudence concept.

The presentation of the financial statements complies with Regulation 91-01 of 16 January 1991 as amended, issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee (*Comité de la Réglementation Bancaire et Financière – CRBF*) relating to the preparation and publication of the individual accounts of credit institutions. In its opinion CNC 99-04, the French National Accounting Board (*Conseil National de la Comptabilité – CNC*) decided that CADES could present certain transactions in a manner specific to it. Accordingly, in its profit and loss account, CADES records operating income and expenses, which are mainly composed of the revenue drawn from the CRDS and CSG and from property transactions, and payments to the State and social security funding organisations.

These accounts are then aggregated to comply with the chart of accounts applicable to administrative public undertakings in accordance with the requirements of Instruction M9-1, before being submitted to the Government Audit Office.

2. Specific characteristics of CADES

CADES has been tasked with paying down the debt transferred to it. The profit or loss therefore measures its capacity to reduce its own debt, and corresponds to the resources allocated to it less the financial costs relating to its debt with third parties.

The profit and loss account should be interpreted in light of the specific mission entrusted to CADES, the sole purpose of which is to extinguish a debt over its scheduled term.

3. Changes in accounting policies and methods compared with previous years

No changes were made to accounting principles and methods in the first six months of 2014.

4. Debts assumed from social security funding organisations

The payments CADES makes in respect of debts assumed from social security funding organisations in accordance with the social security deficit funding acts are recognised against the profit and loss account brought forward.

When CADES' payments to the social security bodies as determined on the basis of the provisional deficits are greater than the deficits subsequently established, an adjustment may be made in CADES' favour. These adjustments are recognised against the profit and loss account brought forward at the time of the payment.

Debts assumed in accordance with legal stipulations but for which payments have not yet been made to the organisations are recorded as off-balance sheet commitments (see Note 18).

5. CADES' resources

5.1 <u>Contribution to the repayment of the social security debt</u>

<u>Revenue explicitly allocated to CADES</u>

The social security debt repayment contribution (CRDS) defined by Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 was explicitly created to provide resources to CADES. Article 6 of said Order states that "the proceeds of the contributions created in respect of Chapter 2 of said Order on repayment of the social security debt shall be allocated to Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale".

• A broad-based tax

The tax is levied on multiple sources of income. One can distinguish:

- On the one hand, employment income and unemployment and similar benefits: salaried income, redundancy payments and retirement indemnities (under certain conditions), retirement and disability pensions, Health and maternity benefits, housing benefits, family allowances, and child-minding benefits, etc., and
- On the other hand, income from property, from investments, from the sale of precious metals and gems, and from gaming.

Contributions assessed on the sales of precious metals and gems are collected by the State's financial agencies (DGFIP and DGDDI) before being paid over to CADES.

Contributions assessed on employment income and employment income replacements as well as income from property, investments and gaming are paid over daily by ACOSS to CADES as and when they are collected by the central agency.

<u>Collection costs borne by CADES</u>

Article 8 of the Order of 24 January 1996 stipulates that CADES shall bear assessment and collection costs. These costs consist of a flat amount defined jointly by the Minister of the Economy and Finance and the Minister in charge of Social Security.

Collection agencies deduct a 0.5% withholding from the contribution paid over to CADES.

CRDS contributions levied on income from property entered in the tax assessment register mainly by the offices of the DGFIP (*Direction Générale des Finances Publiques* or Public Finances Directorate) are paid over to CADES on the basis of register entries and not the amounts actually collected. In return, a 4.1% withholding is applied to the sums paid over to CADES to cover assessment and collection costs (0.5%) and the cost of tax reductions and bad debts (3.6%), as provided for by Article 1641 of France's General Tax Code (*Code Général des Impôts*).

Amounts collected by CADES in respect of the CRDS are reported under "Other operating income" in the profit and loss account. Assessment and collection costs are recorded under "Other operating charges".

<u>Accrual basis accounting</u>

CADES applies the accruals principle in accordance with accounting standards applicable to credit institutions and Articles L114-5 and D-114-4-4 of the Social Security Code establishing the principle whereby social security agencies shall maintain accounting records on a receivable-payable basis.

Accordingly, CRDS contributions paid to collecting agencies are included in the accounts for the period regardless of the date on which these amounts were actually collected. So as to be able to recognize this income and deferred income at the balance sheet date, CADES accrues this income on the basis of a notification provided by the collecting agencies indicating amounts assessed for the period not collected at the balance sheet date and CRDS contributions not yet collected by ACOSS. For the six-monthly closing at 30 June, as CADES receives no notification from the collecting agencies it estimates accrued income based on payments received in July.

Provisions against outstanding CRDS contributions are notified to CADES by ACOSS. These provisions are calculated on a statistical basis applying an annual rate determined by reference to an ageing analysis of the receivables. They are deducted from gross amounts receivable as reported in the balance sheet. As CADES receives no notification from ACOSS for the position as at 30 June, it determines provisions against outstanding contributions on the same basis as at the previous year end.

Regarding the collection of the CRDS contributions, note that at no time does CADES act as primary collector; all the resources to which it is entitled are remitted by third parties, first and foremost ACOSS, followed by the offices of the DGFIP (*Direction Générale des Finances Publiques* or Public Finances Directorate).

CADES' responsibility is confined to verifying that the sums transferred agree to the accounting vouchers raised. The primary collecting agencies are responsible for transferring the funds, for verifying the tax base, for adjusting tax bases when applicable and for recovering past dues, in return for which these agencies receive a remuneration equivalent to 0.5% of the sums collected.

Accordingly, CADES' responsibility at revenue level is limited to substantive verifications of the accounting vouchers produced by the collecting agencies.

5.2 Supplementary social security contribution

Act No. 2008-1330 on the funding of the social security system for 2009 extended the mission of CADES by entrusting to it a further \notin 27 billion of debt in respect of the health insurance deficit (\notin 14.1 billion), old age pension deficit (\notin 8.8 billion) and old age solidarity fund (\notin 4 billion).

In accordance with the Organic Law of 2 August 2005, the French Parliament voted an increase in resources so as not to extend the life of CADES. This new resource corresponds to a portion of the supplementary social security contribution (*Contribution Sociale Généralisée – CSG*). Since 2009, this has been paid to CADES at the rate of 0.2%. From 2011 it was increased to 0.48% for CSG on all taxable employment income, unemployment and similar benefits, and income from property and investment proceeds; and to 0.28% on profits from gaming.

This is a broad-based tax levied on employment income and employment income replacements as well as income from property, investments and gaming.

The difference in tax base between the CRDS and CSG mainly concerns revenue from the sale of precious metals and gems, from gaming and from family benefits.

The payment circuits and methods of accounting for the CSG are the same as for the CRDS.

5.3 Social levies on income from property and investments

Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010 allocates to CADES, starting in 2011, a 1.3% share of the social levies on the income from property and investments referred to in Articles 245-14 and 245-15 of the Social Security Code. The rate for these levies is set at 5.4% as from 1 January 2012.

5.4 Resources from the Retirement Reserve Fund

Under the 2011 Social Security Funding Act (*Loi de Financement de la Sécurité Sociale – LFSS*) 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, the Retirement Reserve Fund (*Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites – FRR*) is required to pay CADES a total of \notin 29.4 billion in yearly instalments of \notin 2.1 billion no later than 31 October each year, with effect from 1 January 2011 until 2024. The two institutions concerned will draw up an agreement setting out the timing and terms and conditions governing these payments.

The annual income of $\in 2.1$ billion to be paid by the FRR as from 2011 is recognised under income for the period. It is paid in April of each year.

FRR's commitment to pay amounts for subsequent years is recognised in off-balance sheet items under Other Commitments Received – Retirement Reserve Fund.

6. Private rental property

CADES has sold all the property transferred on 1 January 2000 to CADES in application of Article 9 of Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 and recorded under "Property endowment" as a component of reserves.

Acting on behalf of CADES, CNAVTS managed the residual rights and obligations related to this property until the expiration of the agreement between the two parties on 31 December 2006.

Signed in December 1999, this agreement empowered CNAVTS to do all that was necessary in connection with the administration of the properties.

Since 1 January 2007, disputes and claims have been managed internally by CADES.

CADES' Accounting Officer records expenses and revenue on the basis of the supporting documents submitted by the Authorising Officer.

7. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on a multi-currency basis and are measured in accordance with the following principles:

- Foreign currency transactions involving balance sheet and off-balance sheet items are measured in euro at the rate of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date.
- The rates used at 30 June 2014, which correspond to the reference rates communicated by the European Central Bank, are indicated in the table below:

USD:	1.3658	SEK:	9.1762	GBP:	0.8015
AUD:	1.4537	NOK:	8.4035	MXN:	17.7124
CHF:	1.2156	NZD:	1.5626	HKD:	10.5858
CAD:	1.4589	TRY:	2.8969	JPY:	138.4400
ZAR:	14.4597	SGD:	1.7047		

- Foreign currency income and charges are translated into euro at the exchange rate ruling on the date when they were recognised in the profit and loss account.
- Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account as operating income from banking transactions or operating charges on banking transactions.

8. Repurchase agreements with securities delivered

Top-grade securities are acquired by CADES under repurchase agreements for the purpose of investing available cash balances.

Securities received under these agreements are reported under loans and advances to credit institutions.

9. Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are accounted for under the historical cost convention. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated and intangible fixed assets amortised over their estimated useful life.

Tangible fixed assets consist mainly of office equipment and computer equipment.

Intangible fixed assets include software.

10. Bonds

Bonds issued by CADES are reported as a liability in the balance sheet at their nominal value (if redeemed at par) plus accrued interest. Foreign currency bonds are translated into euro at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date.

Bonds indexed to inflation (French consumer price index excluding tobacco for all households in Metropolitan France) are measured by reference to a predefined inflation benchmark on the balance sheet date, resulting in the recognition of a redemption premium that is reported as a liability.

Inflation benchmarks:

CPI as at 30 June 2014:	126.24167
Cadesi 2017 index:	1.11317
Cadesi 2019 index:	1.15490
Cadesi 2021 index:	1.05194
Cadesi 2024 index:	1.03154

When bonds are issued at a premium, this premium is accounted for as deferred charges and is therefore reported under prepayments and accrued income in the balance sheet. These charges are recognised to the profit and loss account over the life of the bonds under banking operating charges.

When bonds are issued at a discount, this discount is accounted for as deferred income. This income is recognised to the profit and loss account over the life of the bonds under banking operating income.

All costs relating to bond issues are charged to the profit and loss account on the date of issue and reported under "fees paid".

<u>11. Interest rate and currency swaps</u>

Transactions involving forward financial instruments, entered into for the purpose of hedging interest rate and currency exposure, are recognised in accordance with the regulations issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee. Commitments in respect of these transactions are reported as off-balance sheet commitments at the contract's nominal value. Accounting principles applied differ according to the nature of these instruments and management intention at inception.

Transactions consist mainly of interest rate swaps and currency swaps entered into for hedging purposes. Interest rate swaps are entered into in compliance with the risk management policy defined by the Board of Directors. Currency swaps are entered into only for the purpose of hedging CADES' foreign exchange exposures.

Income and charges arising on forward financial instruments entered into for the purpose of hedging or managing the global interest rate exposure are recognised to profit or loss *pro rata temporis*.

Gains and losses on hedging designed to reduce the risk resulting from a particular asset or liability are taken to profit or loss and included under interest receivable and similar income or interest payable and similar charges to match income or charges recognised in respect of the hedged item.

As regards balancing cash payments arising from swaps entered into to hedge a debt instrument on inception, the portion covering issuance costs in respect of the underlying instrument is taken to profit and loss when the cash payment is recognised. This accounting method fairly reflects the asset value of issues transformed by entering into swaps involving cash payments and results in the amount equivalent to the issuance costs being recognised to profit and loss *pro rata temporis*.

<u>12. Interest rate futures</u>

Firm macro hedging transactions on organised markets (German Bund and Bobl) are recognised in accordance with the regulations issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee. Sales of financial futures (Euro Bund and Euro Bobl futures) are recognised as off-balance sheet items for their nominal value. Margin calls are recognised directly to profit or loss. Initial margins are accounted for as deposits paid and reported as assets in the balance sheet. Finally, brokerage fees – which represent trading fees on the sale or purchase of Bunds or Bobls – are recognised directly to profit or loss.

13. Provisions

No general provisions for liabilities and charges are recognised by CADES. When appropriate, provisions in respect of identified risks are set aside in accordance with applicable accounting principles.

14. Taxation

CADES is not assessed to business taxes (corporation tax, value added tax and local business tax) or to apprenticeship tax. The only tax it pays is the payroll tax.

Note that profits on the sale of property transferred by the social security agencies did not give rise to the payment of corporation tax.

15. Counterparty risk

CADES' exposure to counterparty risk is limited to three types of transactions: investment transactions, off-balance sheet transactions and credit line transactions.

For all three types of transactions, CADES has signed market agreements modelled on the master agreement drawn up by the French Banking Association (*Fédération Bancaire Française – FBF*) providing for daily margin calls (for investment transactions) and weekly margin calls (for off-balance sheet transactions).

1. Investment transactions

CADES invests cash balances mainly in securities delivered under repurchase agreements but may also buy government securities outright. In exchange for the loan extended to a counterparty, CADES receives full ownership of a government security (OAT, BTAN, BTF) or government-guaranteed security over the term of the repurchase agreement. Most repurchase agreements are negotiated with French Treasury bond dealers (*Spécialiste en Valeurs du Trésor – SVT*) or with counterparties with a double-A rating.

Margins calls are carried out daily by CADES to provide additional protection against significant fluctuations in market prices for the securities received as collateral.

2. Off-balance sheet transactions

To manage its interest rate risk and eliminate the currency risk, CADES enters into transactions in the derivatives markets involving instruments such as interest rate swaps, currency swaps and asset swaps. By using triggers set by reference to each counterparty's rating and by carrying out weekly margin calls, CADES significantly reduces the residual risk of default on these instruments.

16. Transactions involving investment securities

The portfolio of investment securities is valued in accordance with Regulation 90-01 (as amended) issued by the French Banking and Financial Regulatory Committee. This portfolio, which consists of fixed income government securities, is reported in the balance sheet under treasury bills and other bills eligible for refinancing with central banks.

Securities are reported in the balance sheet at their acquisition cost. Interest income is reported under interest receivable and similar income from bonds and other fixed income securities.

Unrealised losses give rise to a provision for impairment determined by reference to the most recent quoted price. These provisions are determined individually.

Provisions for impairment set aside and reversed and gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are reported in the profit and loss account under gains and losses on investment securities.

NOTES

BALANCE SHEET

At 30 June 2014, the balance sheet showed total assets of \notin 7.97 billion for total debt of \notin 145.34 billion resulting in negative reserves of \notin 137.37 billion.

ASSETS

Note 1: Treasury and interbank transactions

At		30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
(€ millions) CENTRAL B	ANIZS	196.32	197.76	207.98
	ANKS			
Central banks		196.32	197.76	207.98
	BILLS AND OTHER BILLS ELIGIBLE	1,540.01	2,250.01	7,000.39
Government se	curities with a maturity of less than 3 months	1,540.00	2,250.00	7,000.00
Accrued intere	st	0.01	0.01	0.39
LOANS A INSTITUTIO	ND ADVANCES TO CREDIT NS	3,969.74	5,529.97	85.73
Repayable at a	sight	0.42	42.88	0.73
Debit balances	on ordinary accounts	0.42	0.61	0.73
Securities received under open repurchase agreements		0.00	42.27	0.00
Accrued intere	st	0.00	0.00	0.00
Repayable at	term	3,969.32	5,487.09	85.00
	ived under term repurchase agreements with ess than 3 months	3,969.22	5,487.06	85.00
Of which:	Treasury bills	0.00	204.88	0.00
	Bonds	1,504.36	0.00	0.00
	Own securities	2,464.86	5,282.18	85.00
Accrued intere	st	0.10	0.03	0.00
Total		5,706.07	7,977.74	7,294.10

NB. Balances with central banks correspond to the euro-denominated account held by CADES with Banque de France.

Note 2: Intangible and tangible fixed assets

(€ millions)	Gros s value at 1 Janu ary 2014	Acquisit, ons	Disp osals	Gross value at 30 June 2014	Amortisat ion and depreciati on	Net book valu e at 30 Jun e 2014	Net book value at 30 June 2013	Net book value at 31 December 2013
Intangible assets	0.22	0.00	0.04	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.01	0.00
Software	0.22	0.00	0.04	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
Tangible assets	0.75	0.01	0.41	0.35	0.24	0.11	0.11	0.11
Sundry equipment	0.75	0.01	0.41	0.35	0.24	0.11	0.11	0.11
Total	0.97	0.01	0.45	0.53	0.42	0.11	0.12	0.11

Intangible and tangible assets reflect the value of the software and equipment acquired by CADES, net of related amortisation and depreciation.

Note 3: Other assets

At (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
SUNDRY DEBTORS	187.10	151.56	815.94
Deposits paid by way of initial margins	59.62	30.58	688.46
- Deposits	59.62	30.58	688.42
- Accrued interest	0.00	0.00	0.04
Outstanding CRDS and CSG contributions and social levies to be collected	127.48	120.98	127.48
- Gross amounts receivable	593.07	570.81	593.07
- Provisions	(465.59)	(449.83)	(465.59)
Other debtors in respect of financial transactions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other debtors in respect of operating charges	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other sundry debtors – CNAV	0.00	0.00	0.00
- Gross amounts receivable	0.87	1.00	0.87
- Provisions	(0.87)	(1.00)	(0.87)
Total	187.10	151.56	815.94

Other assets comprise:

- outstanding CRDS and CSG contributions and social levies to be collected by ACOSS amounting to €127.48 million. Provisions totalling €465.59 million have been deducted from the gross amounts receivable of €593.07 million.
- a receivable of €0.87 million, consisting of the balance of damages and interest amounting to €0.78 million claimed from a buyer who reneged on a commitment to purchase a group of buildings and sundry debtor balances totalling €0.09 million due from tenants and buyers for which legal proceedings are under way. These amounts were provisioned in full at 30 June 2014.

Movements in provisions against outstanding CRDS and CSG contributions and social levies to be collected and in respect of sundry debtors are detailed in the table below:

At (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
Provisions brought forward	466.46	450.83	450.83
Provisions set aside – property	0.00	0.00	0.00
Provisions set aside – CRDS and CSG contributions and social levies	0.00	0.00	17.77
Provisions reversed – property	0.00	0.00	(0.13)
Provisions reversed – CRDS and CSG contributions and social levies	0.00	0.00	(2.01)
Provisions carried forward	466.46	450.83	466.46

Note 4: Prepayments and accrued income

At	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
(€ millions)	30 Julie 2014	50 June 2015	51 December 2015
ACCRUED INCOME	1,543.17	1,591.54	1,465.94
On forward interest rate instruments	10.54	85.40	14.55
On forward currency instruments	333.16	358.18	220.59
On CRDS and CSG revenues	1,132.42	1,077.46	1,319.02
On revenue from social levies on income from property and investment	67.04	70.44	(88.24)
On property sales	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other accrued income	0.01	0.06	0.02
CONTINGENT LOSSES AND LOSSES TO BE SPREAD ON FORWARD FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	2.55	7.96	5.23
DEFERRED CHARGES	266.49	281.75	254.91
Issuance premiums on bonds and EMTN	266.49	281.75	254.91
Other deferred charges	0.00	0.00	0.00
PREPAYMENTS	6.89	10.37	8.84
Prepaid administrative expenses	0.12	0.15	0.02
Prepaid interest on negotiable debt instruments	6.77	10.22	8.82
Prepaid interest on bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other prepayments	0.00	0.00	0.00
OTHER	260.09	897.39	165.95
Currency adjustment accounts	260.00	897.30	165.94
Property rental adjustment account	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sundry	0.09	0.09	0.01
Total	2,079.19	2,789.01	1,900.87

Prepayments and accrued income consist of transactions affecting the profit and loss account independently of the date on which the corresponding income is paid or collected. They include:

- accrued income relating to CRDS and CSG contributions for €1,132.42 million, social levies for €67.04 million, interest rate financial instruments for €10.54 million, currency financial instruments for €333.16 million and interest on the account with Banque de France for €0.01 million.
- issuance premiums on bonds and EMTN amounting to €266.49 million to be recognised in profit and loss over time.
- prepayments amounting to €6.89 million, which consist mainly of prepaid interest on the issue of negotiable debt instruments.
- currency adjustment accounts amounting to €260 million, being technical accounts used to recognize to profit and loss adjustments arising on the measurement of off-balance sheet commitments.

LIABILITIES AND RESERVES

In respect of liabilities, a distinction is made between CADES' reserves and its other liabilities.

Reserves, which consist of the profit and loss account brought forward (\notin -142,920.21 million), the profit or loss for the period (\notin 5,364.35 million) and the property endowment (\notin 181.22 million), came to \notin -137,374.64 million. The profit and loss account brought forward broke down as follows:

Reference text	Amount (€ millions)
Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996	(20,885.52)
Act No. 97-1164 of 19 December 1997	(13,263.06)
Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004	(47,310.00)
Act No. 2008-1330 of 17 December 2008	(27,000.00)
Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010	(65,300.00)
Act No. 2011-1906 of 21 December 2011	(2,466.64)
Decree No. 2012-239 of 7 March 2012	(6,648.05)
Decree No. 2013-482 of 7 June 2013	(7,718.57)
Decree No. 2014-97 of 3 February 2014	(10,000.00)
OSS by way of an adjustment of the deficits from 1999 to 2006	64.72
ts generated by CADES between 1996 and 2012	57,606.91
and loss account brought forward	(142,920.21)
	Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996Act No. 97-1164 of 19 December 1997Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004Act No. 2008-1330 of 17 December 2008Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010Act No. 2011-1906 of 21 December 2011Decree No. 2012-239 of 7 March 2012Decree No. 2013-482 of 7 June 2013Decree No. 2014-97 of 3 February 2014DSS by way of an adjustment of the deficits from

Liabilities, which amounted to $\notin 145,346.86$ million at 31 December 2013, consist mainly of debts to credit institutions amounting to $\notin 1,073.72$ million, debts evidenced by securities totalling $\notin 140,942.99$ million, guarantee deposits received and others totalling $\notin 641.40$ million and accruals and deferred income totalling $\notin 2,688.75$ million.

Note 5: Treasury and interbank transactions

At			30 June 2014		30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
(€ millions)	Up to 3 months	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Total	Total
AMOUNTS OWED TO CENTRAL	BANKS						
Amounts owed to credit institutions	56.27	19.45	0.00	998.00	1,073.72	1,017.45	1,003.37
At sight	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Credit balances on ordinary accounts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
At term	56.27	19.45	0.00	998.00	1,073.72	1,017.45	1,003.37
Securities given under repurchase agreements	56.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.27	0.00	0.00
Accounts and deposits	0.00	0.00	0.00	998.00	998.00	998.00	998.00
Of which: Euro	0.00	0.00	0.00	998.00	998.00	0.00	998.00
Other currencies	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	998.00	0.00
Accrued interest	0.00	19.45	0.00	0.00	19.45	19.45	5.37
Total	56.27	19.45	0.00	998.00	1,073.72	1,017.45	1,003.37

Note 6: Debts evidenced by securities

At			30 June 2014			30 June 2013	31 December 2013
(€ millions)	Up to 3 months	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Total	Total
NEGOTIABLE DEBT INSTRUMENTS	2,416.16	5,004.19	0.00	264.00	7,684.35	9,866.53	11,765.50
Treasury bills denominated in euro	500.00	426.30	0.00	0.00	926.30	370.00	981.00
Treasury bills denominated in other currencies	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BMTN denominated in euro	0.00	0.00	0.00	264.00	264.00	275.00	264.00
Commercial paper denominated in euro	387.10	245.00	0.00	0.00	632.10	650.00	1,345.10
Commercial paper denominated in other currencies	1,529.06	4,329.67	0.00	0.00	5,858.73	8,565.02	9,173.66
Other negotiable debt instruments denominated in foreign currencies	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued interest	0.00	3.22	0.00	0.00	3.22	6.51	1.74
BONDS	4,669.28	21,644.71	44,282.98	62,661.67	133,258.64	136,563.64	127,508.28
Bonds and EMTN denominated in euro	0.00	14,950.00	25,326.34	57,171.83	97,448.17	99,330.74	93,503.86
Bonds and EMTN denominated in other currencies	4,096.23	5,595.58	18,956.64	5,489.84	34,138.29	35,389.81	32,410.37
Accrued interest	573.05	1,099.13	0.00	0.00	1,672.18	1,843.09	1,594.05
Total	7,085.44	26,648.90	44,282.98	62,925.67	140,942.99	146,430.17	139,273.78

A euro issue for \in 200 million with a \in 100 million tap maturing on 20 December 2025 is subject to early redemption at the counterparty's option from 2021.

Debts evidenced by securities are analyzed below:

They comprise negotiable debt instruments totalling \notin 7,684.35 million, and bonds and similar instruments totalling \notin 133,258.64 million.

Bonds and similar instruments are issued under:

- a French issuance programme for which the limit is €130 billion;
- a UK issuance programme for which the limit is €65 billion;
- an Australian issuance programme for which the limit is AUD 6 billion;
- a BMTN programme for which the limit is EUR 10 billion;
- a stand-alone programme.

All in all, at 30 June 2014 debts evidenced by securities maturing within one year totalled \notin 33,734.34 million and by those maturing in more than five years \notin 62,925.67 million, compared with \notin 29,842.24 million and \notin 59,692.32 million respectively at 31 December 2013. Debt due to mature at between one and five years decreased from \notin 49,739.22 million at 31 December 2013 to \notin 44,282.98 million at 30 June 2014.

The tables below detail borrowings (in millions) by programme.

Programme	Issue date	Maturity date	Nominal value (issue currency)	Currency	Nominal interest rate	ISIN code
	11/10/2004	25/10/2014	4,400	EUR	4.00%	FR0010120410
	09/02/2005	25/04/2015	3,000	EUR	3.625%	FR0010163329
	09/12/2004	25/07/2019	2,400	EUR	CADESI 1.85%	FR0010137554
Stand-alone	21/12/2004	25/10/2019	5,000	EUR	4.00%	FR0010143743
	27/05/2005	25/10/2020	4,000	EUR	3.75%	FR0010198036
	28/11/2011	25/04/2022	151	EUR	4.00%	
	29/07/2011	19/12/2025	615	EUR	3.914%	
	25/11/2011	19/12/2025	232	EUR	4.50%	
BMTN	02/05/2012	02/05/2025	50	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	FR0120634516
DMIIN	10/05/2012	19/12/2025	214	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	FR0120634581
	11/07/2011	11/07/2014	2,500	USD	1.25%	US12802NAB01
	24/02/2012	24/02/2015	3,000	USD	1.75%	US12802DAC02
	30/06/2005	30/06/2015	25	AUD	5.64%	XS0222727058
	03/07/2012	06/07/2015	3,000	USD	1.625%	US12802DAE67
	31/03/2011	31/03/2016	2,500	USD	2.375%	US12802DAA46
	19/09/2013	19/09/2016	2,750	USD	1.250%	XS0972038227
	30/01/2014	30//01/2017	5,000	USD	1.125%	XS1023613265
UK	12/04/2012	12/04/2017	2,000	USD	2.125%	US12802DAD84
UK	29/01/2013	29/01/2018	3,500	USD	1.375%	US12802DAF33
	07/03/2011	07/03/2018	1,000	EUR	3.25%	XS0599789343
	17/04/2013	17/04/2020	1,000	USD	2.00%	US12802DAG16
	01/07/2009	01/07/2014	1,000	USD	3.50%	FR0010775239
	02/07/2009	02/07/2014	1,200	USD	3-month USD LIBOR + 0.4%	FR0010776054
	18/06/2009	08/09/2014	525	GBP	3.750%	FR0010770511
	22/10/2009	22/10/2014	1,250	USD	2.875%	FR0010815332
	13/09/2011	24/11/2014	200	AUD	3-month AUD LIBOR + 0.42%	FR0011113307

	08/12/2009	15/01/2015	3,375	EUR	2.625%	FR0010831669
	26/01/2010	26/01/2015	95	GBP	3-month GBP LIBOR + 0.02%	FR0010850156
	09/02/2012	09/02/2015	50	EUR	1.81%	FR0011198829
	24/01/2012	16/02/2015	4,000	EUR	1.875%	FR0011185032
	16/02/2012	16/02/2015	1,000	GBP	3-month GBP LIBOR + 1.3%	FR0011201441
	23/02/2012	23/02/2015	125	EUR	3-month EURIBOR + 0.40%	FR0011203850
	25/02/2009	25/02/2015	150	CHF	2.125%	CH0012601446
	02/03/2010	02/03/2015	1,000	USD	2.875%	FR0010862581
	22/04/2010	22/04/2015	156	AUD	BBSW+0.28%	FR0010889725
	15/09/2010	15/09/2015	1,500	USD	1.875%	FR0010941732
	16/09/2010	07/12/2015	700	GBP	2.250%	FR0010942086
	08/04/2009	08/04/2016	25,000	JPY	3-month JPY LIBOR + 0.65%	FR0010745307
	16/02/2011	25/02/2016	4,500	EUR	3.00%	FR0011008366
	15/03/2012	15/03/2016	30,000	JPY	0.80%	FR0011214451
	08/03/2006	25/04/2016	6,100	EUR	3.625%	FR0010301747
	02/11/2006	02/11/2016	1,250	USD	5.25%	FR0010394452
	14/12/2009	14/12/2016	150	USD	3-month USD LIBOR + 55bp	FR0010831891
	06/02/2014	06/02/2017	450	GBP	1.375%	FR0011725381
	20/03/2007	20/03/2017	450	MXN	7.93%	FR0010449355
	13/04/2012	13/04/2017	76,900	JPY	0.753%	FR0011234301
	12/04/2007	25/04/2017	3,800	EUR	4.125%	FR0010456434
	28/07/2006	25/07/2017	2,000	EUR	CADESI 1.85%	FR0010359679
	07/03/2008	20/12/2017	35	GBP	3-month GBP LIBOR - 0.3705%	FR0010594366
	05/03/2013	05/03/2018	100	EUR	3-month EURIBOR + 0.10%	FR0011435213
France	04/04/2013	25/05/2018	2,500	EUR	1.00%	FR0011459684
	20/01/2011	15/10/2018	300	GBP	3.75%	FR0010994376
	26/10/2006	26/10/2018	400	CAD	4.45%	FR0010386110
	05/03/2013	05/03/2019	100	EUR	3-month EURIBOR + 0.18%	FR0011435261
	20/02/2014	25/05/2019	5,000	EUR	1.125%	FR0011746247
	10/06/2009	25/04/2020	4,250	EUR	4.250%	FR0010767566

02/07/2010	02/07/2020	200	EUR	3-month EURIBOR + 0.23%	FR0010917534
25/10/2004	25/07/2020	1,000	EUR	Max[0;((1+TEC100-1%)^0.25)- 1]	FR0010120436
26/10/2010	26/10/2020	1,000	USD	3.00%	FR0010956565
21/04/2009	21/04/2021	200	CHF	3.00%	CH0100525382
29/06/2010	25/04/2021	5,750	EUR	EUR 3.375%	
10/02/2011	25/07/2021	3,255	EUR	CADESI 1.50%	FR0011003672
25/07/2006	25/10/2021	6,280	EUR	4.375%	FR0010347989
20/06/2012	20/06/2022	50	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	FR0011270644
26/09/2012	25/10/2022	3,950	EUR	2.50%	FR0011333186
22/03/2013	22/03/2023	300	AUD	5.335%	FR0011449776
19/04/2011	19/04/2023	200	CHF	2.375%	CH0127860192
18/04/2011	25/04/2023	5,424	EUR	4.125%	FR0011037001
18/09/2013	18/09/2023	2,000	NOK	4.080%	FR0011565449
29/11/2013	29/11/2023	50	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	FR0011627827
18/12/2013	18/12/2023	50	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	FR0011649169
19/06/2013	25/01/2024	3,250	EUR	2.375%	FR0011521319
14/02/2014	14/02/2024	75	AUD	5%	FR0011737709
27/02/2012	27/02/2024	153	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	FR0011202514
20/03/2014	20/03/2024	3,000	USD	3.375%	FR0011202514
02/07/2012	02/07/2024	60	EUR	Formula-based variable rate	XS1046806821
09/02/2012	25/07/2024	3,250	EUR	CADESI 1.50%	FR0011198787
27/06/2012	27/06/2025	194	EUR	3.202%	FR0011276427
18/08/2011	18/08/2025	812.5	EUR	3.625%	FR0011092261
15/11/2011	15/11/2025	800	NOK	4.700%	FR0011142215
01/12/2011	01/12/2025	800	NOK	5.120%	FR0011153097
09/03/2011	09/12/2025	150	CHF	2.50%	CH0124739902
15/03/2012	15/12/2025	1,000	NOK	4.95%	FR0011213958
01/02/2012	15/12/2025	5,850	EUR	4.00%	FR0011192392
14/02/2013	15/12/2025	1,000	NOK	4.25%	FR0011421759
12/07/2011	19/12/2025	800	NOK	4.80%	FR0011074178

27/06/2012	19/12/2025	2,000	NOK	4.84%	FR0011276732
01/04/2011	20/12/2025	300	EUR	3.80%	FR0011027929
21/06/2012	21/12/2025	1,000	NOK	4.52%	FR0011271527

Note 6a: Analysis of transactions in euro and foreign currencies before and after hedging

This note analyzes the effect of hedging transactions on the initial debt and breaks down interest rates before and after hedging. It provides both accounting and financial information related to the value and hedging of instruments at maturity.

(in millions of euros)	Initia	al debt	Hedging tra	insactions	Final	debt
	Foreign currencies	Euros	Foreign currencies	Euros	Foreign currencies	Euros
Euro- denominated debt		100,269		40,456		140,725
Foreign currency- denominated debt		Value in euros at 30 June 2014		Value in euros at 30 June 2014		
CHF	738	607	(738)	(607)	0	0
GBP	3,690	4,604	(3,690)	(4,604)	0	0
JPY	131,900	953	(131,900)	(953)	0	0
USD	43,501	31,850	(43,501)	(31,850)	0	0
HKD	0	0	0	0	0	0
SEK	0	0	0	0	0	0
AUD	810	557	(810)	(557)	0	0
NOK	9,400	1,119	(9,400)	(1,119)	0	0
NZD	0	0	0	0	0	0
SGD	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAD	411	282	(411)	(282)	0	0
MXN	450	25	(450)	(25)	0	0
Sub-total foreign currencies		39,997		(39,997)		0
Total		140,266		459		140,725

The table above provides a breakdown of the initial nominal debt by issuance currency. Since all transactions in foreign currencies have been hedged, the debt of CADES is effectively entirely in euro. Hedging transactions have enabled CADES to eliminate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on its debt.

The table below shows the breakdown of debt by interest rate type. Hedging impacts the initial breakdown, such that in the final analysis, $63\%^{(1)}$ of the debt bears fixed rates, 29% floating rates and 8% rates indexed to inflation.

		Initial de	ebt		Hedgi transact	0		Final de	Final debt		
(€ millions)	Foreign currencie s	Euros	Total	%	Foreign currencie s	Euros	Foreign currencie s	Euros	Total	%	
Fixed rates	5				5		5				
Negotiable debt instruments	0	776	776		0	0	0	776	776		
Bonds, EMTN and BMTN	29,850	84,149	113,999		(29,850)	4,025	0	88,174	88,174		
Private placements	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		
Macro hedging swaps	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		
Total fixed rates	29,850	84,925	114,775	82	(29,850)	4,025	0	88,950	88,950	63	
Floating rates Negotiable debt	5 0 5 0	700	6 6 4 1		(5.050)	5 022	0	C (1)	C (1)		
instruments	5,859	782	6,641		(5,859)	5,832	0	6,614	6,614		
Bonds, EMTN and BMTN	4,288	1,789	6,077		(4,288)	30,599	0	32,388	32,388		
Private placements	0	998	998		0	0	0	998	998		
Macro hedging swaps	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		
Total floating rates	10,147	3,569	13,716	10	(10,147)	36,431	0	40,000	40,000	29	
Indexed rates											
Bonds	0	11,775	11,775		0	0	0	11,775	11,775		
Macro hedging swaps	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		
Total indexed rates	0	11,775	11,775	8	0	0	0	11,775	11,775	8	
Total	39,997	100,269	140,266	100		459	0	140,725	140,725	100	

(1) Includes €325.54 million that corresponds to the hedging of swaps cancellable at the initiative of the counterparties. If the swap is cancelled by the counterparty, the hedged position reverts to a variable rate. Based on market rates at 30 June 2014, the swap cancellation options held by counterparties were significantly out of the money, making the likelihood of a reversion to a variable rate virtually nil.

Note 7: Other liabilities

At (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
DEPOSITS RECEIVED BY WAY OF INITIAL	529.12	1,110.36	116.82
MARGINS - Deposits	529.11	1,110.32	116.79
- Accrued interest	0.01	0.04	0.03
OTHER CREDITORS IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS	1.44	1.84	1.76
OTHER CREDITORS IN RESPECT OF OPERATING CHARGES	110.84	106.20	110.89
Payments to the State	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tax	0.00	0.00	0.02
Social security	0.00	0.00	0.00
Trade creditors	0.00	0.00	0.03
Sundry creditors – ACOSS	110.84	106.20	110.84
Other sundry creditors	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	641.40	1,218.40	229.47

Other liabilities correspond to:

- Deposits received by way of initial margins in respect of contracts on forward markets and repurchase agreements put in place to hedge counterparty risk, amounting to €529.11 million at 30 June 2014;
- Accrued interest on margin calls amounting to €0.01 million;
- Commission payable on commercial paper amounting to €1.44 million;
- Credit balance with ACOSS amounting to €110.84 million, consisting of taxpayer credit notes received from ACOSS.

Note 8: Accruals and deferred income

At (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
ACCRUALS	103.14	184.88	85.77
Accruals on forward interest rate instruments	62.43	148.89	31.76
Accruals on forward currency instruments	34.51	29.81	45.09
Fees payable in respect of market transactions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accruals in respect of operating charges	0.13	0.39	0.46
Accruals in respect of CRDS and CSG collection costs	5.66	5.39	7.66
Accruals in respect of revenue from social levies on income from property and investments	0.34	0.35	0.71
Other accruals	0.07	0.05	0.09
CONTINGENT GAINS AND GAINS TO BE SPREAD ON FORWARD FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	41.50	40.37	36.13
UNEARNED INCOME	1,820.67	1,714.62	789.24
Issuance premiums on bonds	770.61	664.59	788.53
On government securities	0.06	0.02	0.71
On foreign currency transactions	0.00	0.01	0.00
Other unearned income	1,050.00	1,050.00	0.00
OTHER	723.44	287.01	1,332.00
Currency adjustment accounts	723.40	286.94	1,332.00
Sundry	0.04	0.07	0.00
Total	2,688.75	2,226.88	2,243.14

Accruals and deferred income consist of transactions affecting the profit and loss account independently of the date on which the corresponding income is paid or collected.

They include notably:

- Accrued expenses in respect of interest rate swaps amounting to €62.43 million, forward currency transactions for €34.51 million, CRDS and CSG for €5.66 million and social levies on income from property and investment for €0.34 million;
- Balancing cash payments on currency swaps amounting to €41.50 million that are to be spread; _
- Unearned income amounting to €770.61 million, corresponding to premiums on bond issues, government securities and the Retirement Reserve Fund payment (€1,050 million);
- Currency adjustment accounts amounting to €723.40 million, being technical accounts used to recognize to profit _ and loss adjustments arising on the measurement of off-balance sheet commitments.

Note 8a: Provision accounts

Provisions for liabilities and charges include a provision for redundancy indemnities.

At (€ millions)	31 December 2013	Set aside	Reversed	30 June 2014
Provisions	0.24	0.01	0.00	0.25
Provision for redundancy indemnities	0.24	0.01	0.00	0.25
Provision for liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.24	0.01	0.00	0.25

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

In arriving at the profit for the period, net banking income is reported separately from other operating income and charges.

(€ millions)	
Net banking income	(1,688.98)
Exceptional income items	0.26
Other operating income and charges	7,053.07
Gross operating profit and net profit for the period	5,364.35

A specific mission has been entrusted to CADES, which is to extinguish a debt over its scheduled term. The profit for the year measures its capacity to reduce its own debt.

Net banking income

Net banking income consists of the cost of debt, the income generated from cash positions and the net profit or loss on financial transactions.

Note 9: Banking income

Period ended (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME FROM			
TRANSACTIONS WITH CREDIT INSTITUTIONS	10.11	16.29	30.90
Interest receivable – Demand loans and advances and open			
repurchase agreements	0.31	0.63	1.03
Interest from ordinary accounts in debit	0.12	0.63	0.98
Interest from loans	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from securities delivered under open repurchase agreements	0.19	0.00	0.05
Interest receivable – Term loans, advances and repurchase agreements	2.52	0.27	1.32
Interest from loans denominated in euro	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from loans denominated in foreign currencies	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from securities delivered under repurchase agreements	2.52	0.27	1.32
Other interest receivable	7.28	15.39	28.55
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME FROM BONDS AND OTHER FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	3.22	0.45	0.96
Interest from fixed income securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest from government securities	3.22	0.45	0.96
OTHER INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	293.97	294.36	566.96
Amortisation of premiums on issue	61.04	55.91	114.56
Net profit on hedging transactions	232.93	238.45	452.40
Profit on repurchase of own securities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	307.30	311.10	598.82

Banking income, which amounted to €307.30 million, consists of:

• Net profit on hedging transactions amounting to €232.93 million;

• Interest receivable and similar income from transactions with credit institutions amounting to €10.11 million, of which €0.31 million of interest on bank deposits;

• The amortisation of bond premiums on issue amounting to $\in 61.04$ million; and

• Interest from government securities amounting to €3.22 million.

Note 10: Cost of debt

Period ended	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
(€ millions)	50 June 2014	50 June 2015	51 December 2015
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES ON TRANSACTIONS WITH CREDIT INSTITUTIONS	20.57	20.39	40.99
Interest payable - Demand loans and open repurchase agreements	0.01	0.08	0.08
Interest on ordinary accounts in credit	0.01	0.08	0.08
Interest on overnight loans	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on securities delivered under open repurchase agreements	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest payable – Term loans and repurchase agreements	20.16	20.12	40.55
Interest on CDC loan (transfer of debt)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on multi-currency credit	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on securities delivered under repurchase agreements	0.04	0.00	0.00
Interest on private placements	20.12	20.12	40.55
Other interest payable and similar charges	0.40	0.19	0.36
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES ON BONDS AND OTHER FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	1,958.68	2,058.24	3,930.52
Interest on debts evidenced by certificates	1,958.68	2,058.24	3,930.52
Interest on negotiable debt instruments denominated in euros	5.62	10.97	15.64
Interest on negotiable debt instruments denominated in other currencies	12.05	21.17	37.09
Interest on bonds and equivalent securities denominated in euros	1,477.41	1,547.31	3,044.67
Interest on bonds and equivalent securities denominated in other currencies	355.06	360.79	686.89
Other charges on debt evidenced by securities	108.54	118.00	146.23
Other interest payable and similar charges	0.00	0.00	0.00
FEES PAYABLE	17.01	15.05	24.16
Fees on term loans with credit institutions	0.01	0.00	0.00
Fees on negotiable debt instruments issued	1.39	1.62	3.53
Fees on bonds	15.52	13.31	20.39
Other fees on securities transactions	0.09	0.12	0.24
Other fees	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	1,996.26	2,093.68	3,995.67

Interest payable and similar charges on CADES' debt, which amounted to €1,996.26 million, decreased by 4.65% from 30 June 2013 and consists of:

- Charges amounting to €1,958.68 million in respect of debts;
- Interest amounting to €20.57 million on transactions with credit institutions, consisting of interest on private placements, securities delivered under repurchase agreements and margin calls; and
- Fees amounting to €17.01 million.

The decrease in interest and similar charges payable compared with 30 June 2013 was related to the decrease in financing costs and in debt outstandings.

Note 11: Gains and losses on trading securities

Periodended(€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
NET GAIN (LOSS) ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE			
TRANSACTIONS	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.02)
Other foreign exchange transactions	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.02)
Total	(0.01)	(0.06)	(0.02)

In accordance with the requirements of Regulation 2000-03 on the presentation of financial statements issued by the French Accounting Standards Committee, gains and losses on instruments used to hedge interest rate and currency risks are reported under interest receivable and similar income or interest payable and similar charges (see Note 9). The net profit on foreign exchange transactions comprises solely gains and losses determined on the periodic measurement of foreign currency accounts that have not been hedged.

Note 11a: Gains and losses on investment securities

Period (€ millions)	ended	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
Gains (losses) on investment securities		0.00	0.00	0.00
Net gain (loss) on investment securities		0.00	0.00	0.00

Other operating income and charges

Other operating income and charges consist mainly of specific income and charges dealt with by Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 (CRDS contributions, CSG, social levies on income from property and investments, payments from the Retirement Reserve Fund, property asset sales and payments to the State and social security funding organisations), general operating charges and depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges on non-current assets.

Note 12: CRDS revenues

The table below details revenue allocated to CADES under Article 6 of Order No. 96-50 of 24 January 1996 after deducting assessment and collection costs and losses on outstanding CRDS contributions (write-offs, waivers, cancellations and debt forgiveness).

Period ended (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
NET CRDS REVENUES (Article 6)	3,028.17	2,978.80	6,512.20
CRDS contributions levied on wages and salaries	2,834.15	2,805.41	5,781.92
CRDS contributions levied on property assets	6.07	0.39	275.62
CRDS contributions levied on investment income	123.69	96.73	311.49
CRDS contributions levied on sales of precious metals and gems	2.16	3.53	4.80
CRDS contributions on gaming proceeds	62.10	72.74	138.37
CRDSexemptionoffsets(travel vouchers and voluntary community services)	0.00	0.00	0.00

CRDS revenues, net of collection costs, amounted to €3,028.17 million.

CRDS levied on wages and salaries (which is mainly collected by ACOSS) represents 93.59% of the total. The remaining CRDS proceeds (which are collected by the offices of the Public Finances Directorate) are levied mainly on capital (property and investment income, 4.29%) and on gaming and precious metals (2.12%).

Repayments relating to amounts written off prior to 31 December 1999 (pursuant to EC regulations and bilateral social security agreements) received from foreign countries have been paid over by CNAMTS to CADES since 31 December 1997 to the extent this does not create a new deficit or increase an existing deficit in the books of CNAMTS. Given that CNAMTS has been in deficit from 1998 to 2012, the \in 216.77 million recovered during this period was not paid over to CADES.

Since Act No. 2004-810 of 13 August 2004, no surplus has been generated by the health insurance branch of the French social security system.

Note 12a

The table below provides a breakdown of income and charges relating to the CRDS.

CRDS REVENUES (€ millions)	(I)	CRDS COSTS	(II)	Net revenues (I-II)
CRDS levied on wages and salaries	2,848.39	Write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness	0.00	2,834.15
		Assessment and collection costs	14.24	
CRDS levied on property assets	6.33	Assessment and collection costs	0.26	6.07
CRDS levied on investment income	124.31	Assessment and collection costs	0.62	123.69
CRDS levied on sales of gems and precious metals	2.17	Assessment and collection costs	0.01	2.16
CRDS levied on gaming proceeds	62.41	Assessment and collection costs	0.31	62.10
CRDS exemption offsets (travel vouchers and voluntary community services)	0.00		0.00	0.00
Reversal of provisions on outstanding CRDS to be collected	0.00	Provisions on outstanding CRDS to be collected	0.00	0.00
Total	3,043.61	Total	15.44	3,028.17

Note 12.1: CSG revenues

Supplementary social security contributions (*Contribution Sociale Généralisée – CSG*) are a resource allocated to CADES at the rate of 0.48% for CSG on income from employment, unemployment and other similar benefits and on taxable income from property and investments, and at 0.28% for CSG on profits from gaming since 1 January 2011. The tax base is the same as for the CRDS, with the exception that no contributions are levied on the sale of precious metals and gems.

Period (€ millions)	ended	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
NET CSG REVENUES (Article 6)		2,649.67	2,627.44	5,833.91
CSG contributions levied on wages and salaries		2,523.65	2,503.96	5,258.85
CSG contributions levied on property assets		5.85	(0.38)	263.00
CSG contributions levied on investment income		116.32	119.53	304.38
CSG contributions on gaming proceeds		3.85	4.33	7.68
CSG exemption offsets		0.00	0.00	0.00

CSG revenues, net of collection costs, amounted to €2,649.67 million.

CSG levied on wages and salaries (which is collected mainly by ACOSS) represents 95.24% of the total. The remaining CSG is levied mainly on income from investments (4.39%).

Note 12.1a

The table below provides a breakdown of income and charges relating to the CSG.

CSG REVENUES (€ millions)	(I)	CSG COSTS	(II)	Net revenues (I-II)
CSG levied on wages and salaries	2,536.33	Write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness	0.00	2,523.65
CSG levied on property assets	6.10	Assessment and collection costs Assessment and collection costs	12.68 0.25	5.85
CSG levied on investment income	116.91	Assessment and collection costs	0.59	116.32
CSG levied on gaming proceeds	3.87	Assessment and collection costs	0.02	3.85
CSG exemption offsets	0.00		0.00	0.00
Reversal of provisions on outstanding CSG to be collected	0.00	Provisions on outstanding CSG to be collected	0.00	0.00
Total	2,663.21	Total	13.54	2,649.67

Note 12.2: Social levies on income from property and investment

Social levies on income from property and investment are a source of revenue allocated to CADES since 1 January 2011 under Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010 (Articles 245-14 and 245-15 of the Social Security Code). CADES receives a 1.3% portion of these levies, the rate of which is set at 5.4% as from 1 January 2012.

Period (€ millions) NET REVENUE FROM SOCIAL LEVIES	ended	30 June 2014 326.47	30 June 2013 335.25	31 December 2013 1,412.31
On income from property		12.24	1.09	677.17
On income from investment		314.23	334.16	735.14

Note 12.2a

The following table shows the breakdown of revenue and costs associated with social levies on income from property and investment.

REVENUES FROM SOCIAL LEVIES (€ millions)	(I)	COSTS RELATING TO SOCIAL LEVIES	(II)	Net revenues (I-II)
Social levies on income from property	12.76	Assessment and collection costs	0.06	12.24
		Write-offs, waivers, cancellation and debt forgiveness	0.46	
Social levies on income from investment	315.81	Assessment and collection costs	1.58	314.23
Reversal of provisions on outstanding amounts to be collected		Provisions on outstanding amounts to be collected	0.00	0.00
Total	328.57	Total	2.10	326.47

Note 12.3: Payments by the Retirement Reserve Fund (FRR)

The Retirement Reserve Fund paid €2.10 billion on 25 April 2014, including €1.05 billion in respect of the first six months of 2014.

Period ende (€ millions)	d 30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
REVENUE FROM THE RETIREMENT RESERV	E 1,050.00	1,050.00	2,100.00
FUND			
Revenue for the year	1,050.00	1,050.00	2,100.00
·			

Note 13: General operating charges

Period (€ millions)	ended	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
STAFF COSTS		0.44	0.43	1.03
Wages and salaries		0.32	0.33	0.75
Social security charges		0.12	0.10	0.28
OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		0.80	0.77	1.80
Taxes and duties		0.06	0.04	0.09
External services		0.74	0.73	1.71
Total		1.24	1.20	2.83

General operating charges correspond to expenditure falling within the scope of the administrative budget. They do not include the acquisition and the amortisation and depreciation of fixed assets (see Note 2). They increased by 2.50% compared with 30 June 2013.

List of staff positions at 30 June 2014

Non-civil servant employees:

- 1 senior front office manager (grade A)
- 1 assistant front office manager (grade A)
- 2 market operators (grade A)
- 1 asset and liabilities matching strategist (grade A)
- 1 senior back office manager (grade A)
- 1 assistant back office manager (grade A)
- 1 bilingual executive secretary (grade C)

Civil servants:

- 1 general office manager (grade A)
- 1 administrative manager (grade A)

Note 13a: Property assets and property management

Period (€ millions)	ended	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
REVENUES FROM PROPERTY ASSETS		-	-	0.13
Exceptional income		-	-	-
Provisions reversed		-	-	0.13
CHARGES ON PROPERTY ASSETS		-	0.02	-
External services		-	0.02	-
Exceptional charges		-	-	-
Provisions set aside		-	-	-

All the properties transferred to CADES on 1 January 2000 were sold over the next three years. Since 2007, CADES has managed the run-off of the last properties and of disputes.

Note 14: Other non-banking operating charges

Period (€ millions)	ended	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
Payments to the State		-	-	-
Payments to social security agencies		-		-
Total		-	-	-

Note 15: Exceptional income

Period e (€ millions)	nded	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
Statutory limitation of debt – administrative budget		0.26	-	-
Statutory limitation of debt – financing budget		-	-	0.30
Other exceptional income		-	-	-
Total		0.26	-	0.30

The exceptional income corresponds to the statutory limitation on charges payable on the administrative and financing budgets (essentially commissions on commercial paper).

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

Off-balance sheet commitments, as reported, distinguish between commitments given and commitments received and are analyzed between loan commitments, guarantee obligations and guarantees on securities. Certain commitments are not recorded on the face of the accounts, being commitments in respect of currency transactions and forward financial instruments. Information regarding these commitments is provided in Notes 16 and 17 below.

Note 16: Currency transactions

	30 June	2014	30 June 2	2013	31 December	er 2013
At (€ millions)	Currencies to be received	Currencies to be delivered	Currencies to be received	Currencies to be delivered	Currencies to be received	Currencies to be delivered
FORWARD TRANSACTIONS Financing in foreign currency	39,997.02	-	43,954.84	-	41,584.03	
Hedging transactions over the counter						
Forward exchange against euros	5,858.73	-	8,565.02	-	9,173.66	
Up to 1 year	5,858.73	-	8,565.02	-	9,173.66	
From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Over 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Currency swaps against euros	34,138.29	-	35,389.82	-	32,410.37	
Up to 1 year	9,691.80	-	9,205.59	-	10,216.69	
From 1 to 5 years	18,956.64	-	22,417.50	-	18,976.92	
Over 5 years	5,489.85	-	3,766.73	-	3,216.76	
FORWARD TRANSACTIONS	-	-	-	-	42.85	
Foreign currency financing commitments received						
Hedging transactions over the counter						
Forward exchange against euros	-	-	-	-	42.85	
Up to 1 year	-	-	-	-	42.85	
From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Currency swaps against euros	-	-	-	-	-	
Up to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-	
From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Over 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	

Forward exchange contracts against euro correspond to forward purchases entered into for the purpose of hedging commercial paper denominated in foreign currencies. Outstandings decreased by 9% at 30 June 2014 compared with 30 June 2013.

The decrease in currency swaps against euro is attributable to the decrease in foreign currency bond issuance.

Note 17: Forward financial instruments

At (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
INTEREST RATE INSTRUMENTS			
Organised markets and equivalents	-	-	-
Firm transactions entered into for hedging purposes	-	-	-
Euro Bobl futures contracts (5 years)	-	-	-
Euro Bund futures contracts (10 years)	-	-	-
Other firm transactions	-	-	-
Options entered into for hedging purposes	-	-	-
Other options	-	-	-
Over the counter	4,199.89	6,994.78	4,199.89
Firm transactions entered into for hedging purposes	,	-,	,
Interest rate swaps in euro	4,199.89	6,994.78	4,199.89
Micro hedging	4,199.89	6,651.40	4,199.89
- Up to 1 year	1,803.35	3,551.50	2,803.35
- From 1 to 5 years	375.54	1,899.06	375.54
- Over 5 years	2,021.00	1,200.84	1,021.00
Macro hedging	-	343.38	-
- Up to 1 year	-	343.38	-
- From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-
- Over 5 years	-	-	-
Isolated positions	-	-	-
- Up to 1 year	-	-	-
- From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-
- Over 5 years	-	-	-
Currency swaps	-	-	-
Micro hedging	-	-	-
- Up to 1 year	-	-	-
- From 1 to 5 years	-	-	-
- Over 5 years	-	-	-

At 30 June 2014, interest rate instruments entered into by CADES comprise swaps amounting to \notin 4,199.89 million entered into for micro hedging purposes, including swaps cancellable by counterparties of \notin 325.54 million.

In 2007 and 2008, CADES entered into swaps under which it receives three-month Euribor less a haircut and pays a fixed rate. These swaps may be rescinded by the counterparties six months after inception and then every three months. These cancellable swaps, which qualify as micro hedges, are used to transform CADES' adjustable rate structured transactions into fixed rate transactions for at least six months. Each swap is therefore systematically backed to a swap already held in portfolio by CADES. If the swaps are cancelled, CADES reverts to its initial refinancing level.

These swaps were authorised by the Board of Directors on 28 November 2007. They are designated as micro hedges (Category b of Regulations No. 90-15 and 88-02) pursuant to French banking regulations (*Réglementation Bancaire*).

Note 18: Other off-balance sheet commitments

At (€ millions)	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	31 December 2013
FINANCING COMMITMENTS			
Commitments received			
From credit institutions			
- Back-up credit lines	700.00	700.00	700.00
- Multi-currency credit lines	-	-	-
- Credit lines in treasury bills	1,500.00	2,500.00	1,000.00
- Other credit lines	1,600.00	1,000.00	2,600.00
Sundry			
- Retirement Reserve Fund (<i>Fonds de Réserve pour les Retraites</i>)	21,000.00	23,100.00	23,100.00
- Borrowings	-	-	-
 Commercial paper and securities lent under repurchase agreements 	-	-	-
	-	-	
Commitments given			
Payments to the State	-	-	-
Payments to social security agencies	-	-	-
 First assumption of debt provided for by 2011 	_	_	_
Social Security Finance Act	_	_	_
- Second assumption of debt provided for by 2011 Social Security Finance Act	33,609.04	43,609.04	43,609.04
Financing commitments given under repurchase agreements, currency purchases and treasury bills	420.08	1,020.95	-

Commitments received consist of:

- four back-up credit lines totalling €700 million which are cancellable by the counterparty at 30 days' notice;
- two bilateral lines for the purchase of commercial paper issued by CADES for a total amount of €1.5 billion:
 - o maturing for €0.5 billion on 2 July 2014, and
 - o for €1 billion on 1 December 2014;
- three renewable credit lines for a total amount of $\in 1.6$ billion:
 - maturing for €0.5 billion on 4 July 2014,
 - \circ for €0.5 billion on 4 November 2014, and
 - o for €0.6 billion on 27 August 2014.
- a total of €21 billion in payments from the Retirement Reserve Fund, corresponding to the annual payments of €21 billion for the period from 2015 to 2024, pursuant to the 2011 Social Security Funding Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010.

Commitments given consist of:

- The debts assumed pursuant to the 2011 Social Security Funding Act No. 2010-1594 of 20 December 2010, namely: the €33.61 billion balance earmarked for the deficits of 2011 to 2017 relating to the second assumption of debts (see Highlights of the first six months of 2014);
- Four repurchase transactions dated 30 June 2014 with a value date of 1 July 2014 for a total amount of €420.08 million.

Note 19: Abridged statements

At	30 June 2014
(€ millions) PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD FROM 1 JANUARY 2014 PROFIT FOR SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2014 PROPERTY ENDOWMENT	(142,920.21) 5,364.35 181.22
DEBT REMAINING TO BE REPAID AT 30 JUNE 2014	(137,374.64)
Represented by:	
Liabilities towards third parties	
- Borrowings falling due within 1 year	33,790.60
- Borrowings falling due after 1 year	108,226.11
- Other creditors, accruals and unearned income	3,330.14
Less assets held by CADES	,
- Financial investments	5,706.07
- Other debtors, prepayments and accrued income	2,266.14
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Period ended (€ millions)	30 June 201 4
Period ended (€ millions)	
Periodended(€ millions)NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES	6,004.31
Periodended(€ millions)NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIESNET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR)	6,004.31 1,050.00
Periodended(€ millions)NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIESNET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR)NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY	6,004.31 1,050.00 0.00
Periodended(€ millions)NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES	6,004.31 1,050.00 0.00 (1,979.25
Period ended (€ millions) ended NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES ended NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR) ended NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY ended Interest payable and similar charges ended	6,004.31 1,050.00 0.00 (1,979.25) (17.02)
Period ended (€ millions) ended NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES ended NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR) ended NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY ended Interest payable and similar charges fees	6,004.31 1,050.00 0.00 (1,979.25 (17.02) 307.30
Period ended (€ millions) ended NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES ended NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR) ended NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY ended Interest payable and similar charges ended Fees ended Interest receivable and similar income ended	6,004.31 1,050.00 (1,979.25) (17.02) 307.30 (1,688.98)
Period ended (€ millions) ended NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES ended NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR) ended NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY ended Interest payable and similar charges ended Fees ended ended Interest receivable and similar income ended NET FINANCIAL CHARGES Operating charges	6,004.31 1,050.00 (1,979.25) (17.02) 307.33 (1,688.98) (1.25)
Period ended (€ millions) ended NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES ended NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR) ended NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY ended Interest payable and similar charges ended Fees ended ended Interest receivable and similar income ended NET FINANCIAL CHARGES Operating charges OPERATING PROFIT ended	6,004.31 1,050.00 (1,979.25) (17.02) 307.33 (1,688.98) (1.25) 5,364.09
Period ended (€ millions) ended NET REVENUE FROM CRDS, CSG AND SOCIAL LEVIES ended NET REVENUE FROM RETIREMENT RESERVE FUND (FRR) ended NET REVENUE FROM PROPERTY ended Interest payable and similar charges ended Fees ended ended Interest receivable and similar income ended NET FINANCIAL CHARGES Operating charges	30 June 2014 6,004.31 1,050.00 (1,979.25) (17.02) 307.30 (1,688.98) (1.25) 5,364.09 0.00 0.26

OTHER INFORMATION

The table below provides information on market value, comparing the debt at repayment value as at 30 June 2014 with the debt at market value.

Debt at repayment value as at closing date comprises the following elements:

- (a) The nominal value of fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate borrowings in euros;
- (b) The nominal value of the fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate euro legs of basis swaps representing perfect transformation of foreign currency-denominated borrowings into euro-denominated borrowings;
- (c) The accrued nominal value of inflation indexed bonds as at 30 June 2014.
- (d) Interest accrued but not yet due is excluded from debt at repayment value.

Debt at repayment value at maturity comprises the following elements:

- (a) The nominal value of fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate borrowings in euro.
- (b) The nominal value of the fixed rate, variable rate and adjustable rate euro legs of swaps representing perfect transformation of foreign currency-denominated borrowings into euro-denominated borrowings.
- (c) The projected nominal value at maturity of inflation indexed bonds.
- (d) The market value of swaps used for macro hedging.

Debt at market value comprises the following elements:

- (a) The value of the fixed rate bonds and inflation indexed bonds based on the average market price on 30 June 2014.
- (b) The value of unlisted securities issued by CADES obtained using the CADES zero coupon curve as at 30 June 2014. Options embedded in certain of these securities are valued using an internal model based on standard valuation software developed and marketed by an independent service provider.
- (c) The value of derivatives used to transform part of the debt through micro hedging. Options embedded in certain of these instruments are valued using the same internal model.
- (d) The value of derivatives used for macro hedging.
- (e) The present value at 30 June 2014 of collateral, repurchase agreements and bank balances.

(in millions of euros)	DEBT AT REPA	YMENT VALUE	DEBT AT MARKET VALUE	MARKET VALUE OF HEDGING TRANSACTIONS
	AT MATURITY	AT 30 JUNE 2014	AT 30 JUNE 2014	AT 30 JUNE 2014
UP TO 1 YEAR	26,619.89	26,619.96	27,136.54	366.00
FROM 1 TO 5 YEARS	45,024.12	44,943.84	46,805.07	(318.67)
OVER 5 YEARS	65,299.24	63,980.93	74,937.08	229.88
SWAPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	136,943.25	135,544.73	148,878.69	277.22
REVISABLE RATES	36,482.92	38,732.82	37,015.90	251.81
INDEXED RATES	13,173.25	11,774.67	13,200.49	0.00
FIXED RATES	87,287.08	85,037.24	98,662.30	25.40
SWAPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	136,943.25	135,544.73	148,878.69	277.22

Compared with prior years, at 30 June 2014 there had been an increase in short and long-term debt, and a decrease in medium-term debt, as shown by the table below:

Debt	30 June 2014	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Short-term (under 1 year)	19.64%	15.49%	17.54%
Medium-term	33.16%	38.42%	42.60%
Long-term (over 5 years)	47.20%	46.09%	39.86%

As regards the breakdown between issues denominated in euro and other currencies, euro-denominated debt increased in the first six months of 2014, as shown by the table below:

Debt	30 June 2014	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
In foreign currencies	28.75%	30.56%	33.09%
In euros	71.25%	69.44%	66.91%

Lastly, the post-hedging debt breakdown below shows the increase in revisable rate issues compared with fixed rate issues relative to 2013:

Debt	30 June 2014	31 December 2013	31 December 2012
Revisable rate	28.57%	28.66%	24.18%
Indexed rate	8.69%	8.87%	10.94%
Fixed rate	62.74%	62.47%	64.88%

Explanation of variances between market value and repayment value of debt:

The difference between the market value of the debt and its repayment value is explained by the following factors:

- The market value of fixed rate loans increased because of the decline in interest rates; Market value factors in the present value of future coupons whereas the repayment value excludes coupons; and
- Gains and losses on macro hedging and inflation swaps impact market value one way or the other. _

The above information covers a significant part of CADES' main activity, which is to repay in the best possible conditions the debt it raises on the financial markets.



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CADES

English translation of the Independent auditors' report on limited review of Half-Year Financial Statements

For the period from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014 CADES 15, rue Marsollier – 75002 Paris *This report contains 42 pages* Reference : HV-143-02

KPMG S.A., sociáté (fançaise membre du ráseau KPMG constitué de cabinets indépendents adhérents de KPMG International Cooperative, une entité de droit suisse. Société anonyme d'expertise comptable et de commissariet aux comptes à directoire et conseit de surveillance. Inscrite au Tableau de l'Ordre 4 Paris sous en ° 14/30080101 et à la Compagnie Régionate des Commissies aux Comptes des Commissies aux Comptes de Versaitles. Siège social: KPMG S.A. Immaubia Le Patatin 3 cours du Triangle 92839 Paris La Défanse Codex Ceptal: 5 497 100 €. Code APE 65902 775 726 417 R.C.S. Nanterre TVA Union Européanne FR 77 775 726 417



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This is a free translation into English of the auditors' report on limited review of Half-Ye ar Financial Statements issued in the French language and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

CADES

15, rue Marsollier – 75002 Paris

English translation of the Independent auditors' report on limited review of Half-Year Financial Statements

For the period from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014

As appointed by you in the letter dated 19 August 2013 we have conducted a limited review of the accompanying half-year financial statements of Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale (CADES), for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

These financial statements have been prepared under the responsibility of the Agent Comptable of CADES. Our responsibility is to draw a conclusion on these financial statements, based on our limited review.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our review in accordance with IFAC standards for a limited review (ISRE 2410). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in France and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

KPMG S.A., sociáté française membre du rássau KPMG constitué de cabinets indépendants adhérents de KPMG International Cooperative, une entité de droit suisse Société enonyme d'expenise comptable et de commisseriet aux comptes à directoire et conseil de surveillanco. Inscrite au Tableau de l'Ordre à Paris sous le nº 14-30060101 et à la Compagnie Régionale des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailier. Siège social : KPMG S.A. Immeuble Lo Palatin 3 cours du Triangle 92639 Paris La Didense Cedex Ceptial : 5 497 100 é. Code AFE 69202 775 726 417 R.C.S. Nanterre TVA Union Européanne FR 77 775 726 417



CADES Limited review report 24 September 2014

Opinion

Based on our limited review, we have not found any material misstatements that cause to believe that the half year-financial statements, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in France, do not present fairly, in all material aspects, the results of operations for the six-month period and the financial position at that date.

Without qualifying our conclusion expressed above, we draw the attention to the note 5 of the accounting principles and methods and to the note 12 which describe the applicable accounting treatment of the social security debt repayment contribution (CRDS), the generalised social contribution (CSG) and the levy tax on capital income. The revenues of CRDS, CSG and levy tax on capital income recorded are provided by ACOSS and DGFIP which are the collectors. The role of CADES in connection to the revenues of CRDS, CSG and levy tax on capital income only consists of ensuring that the amounts included in the supports provided by the collectors are properly recorded. For the six-monthly closing at 30 June, as CADES receives no notification from the collecting agencies it estimates accrued income based on payments received in July.

Paris la Défense, 24 September 2014

KPMG Audit A division of KPMG S.A.

Hubert de Vaumas Partner

Reference: HV-143-02 - For the period from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014

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CADES

Rapport de l'auditeur indépendant sur l'examen limité des comptes semestriels

Période du 1^{er} janvier 2014 au 30 juin 2014 CADES 15, rue Marsollier – 75002 Paris Ce rapport contient 42 pages Référence : HV-143-01

KPMG S.A., société française membre du réseau KPMG constitué de cabinets indépendants achérents de KPMG International Cooperative, une entité de droit suisse.

Société anonyme d'expertise comptable et de commissariat aux comptes à directoire et conseil de suveillance. Inscrite au Tableau de l'Ordre à Paris sous a nº 14.3030101 et à la Compagnia Régionale des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailles.

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Rapport d'examen limité sur les comptes semestriels de la CADES

Période du 1^{er} janvier 2014 au 30 juin 2014

Mesdames, Messieurs,

En exécution de la mission qui nous a été confiée par lettre en date du 19 août 2013, nous avons effectué un examen limité des comptes semestriels de la Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale (CADES), relatifs à la période du 1^{er} janvier 2014 au 30 juin 2014, tels qu'ils sont joints au présent rapport.

Responsabilité de la direction dans l'établissement et la présentation des états financiers

Ces comptes ont été établis sous la responsabilité de l'Agent Comptable de la CADES. Il nous appartient, sur la base de notre examen limité, d'exprimer notre conclusion sur ces comptes.

Responsabilité de l'auditeur

Nous avons effectué notre examen limité selon les normes de l'IFAC qui s'appliquent à un examen limité (International Standard on Review Engagements 2410). Un examen limité de comptes intermédiaires consiste à obtenir les informations estimées nécessaires, principalement auprès des personnes responsables des aspects comptables et financiers, et à mettre en œuvre des procédures analytiques ainsi que tout autre procédure appropriée. Un examen de cette nature ne comprend pas tous les contrôles propres à un audit effectué selon les normes professionnelles applicables en France. Il ne permet donc pas d'obtenir l'assurance d'avoir identifié tous les points significatifs qui auraient pu l'être dans le cadre d'un audit et, de ce fait, nous n'exprimons pas une opinion d'audit.

KPMG S.A., société françaisa membra du ráseau KPMG constitué de cabinets indépendants adhérents de constitué de cabinets indépendants adhérents de KPMG International Cooperative, une entité de droit suisse. Société anonyme d'expertuse comptable et de commissariat aux comptes à directoire et conseil de surveillance. Inscrite au Tableau de l'Ordre à Paris sous la n° 14.30060101 et à la Compagnia Régionale des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailles. Siège social : KPMG S.A. Immauble Le Patein 3 cours du Triangle 92939 Paris Le Défanse Codex Capital : 5 497 100 £. Code APE 6937 7/5 726 417 R.C.S. Nanterrie TVA Union Européanne FR 77 775 726 417



CADES Rapport d'examen limité sur les comptes semestriels 24 septembre 2014

Opinion

Sur la base de notre examen limité, nous n'avons pas relevé d'anomalies significatives de nature à remettre en cause, au regard des règles et principes comptables français, la régularité et la sincérité des comptes intermédiaires et l'image fidèle qu'ils donnent du résultat des opérations du semestre ainsi que de la situation financière et du patrimoine de l'établissement à la fin de cette période.

Sans remettre en cause la conclusion exprimée ci-dessus, nous attirons votre attention sur le paragraphe 5 des principes et méthodes comptables et la note 12 qui précisent les modalités de comptabilisation de la contribution au remboursement de la dette sociale (CRDS), de la contribution sociale généralisée (CSG), et des prélèvements sociaux sur les revenus du patrimoine et les produits de placement. Les revenus de CRDS, les revenus de CSG et les revenus sur prélèvements sociaux sur les revenus du patrimoine et les produits de placement comptabilisés sont issus des notifications envoyées à la CADES par l'ACOSS et la direction générale des finances publiques (DGFIP) qui sont les organismes collecteurs. Les compétences de la CADES en matière de recettes se limitent à une vérification comptable formelle des pièces produites par les organismes de recouvreurs. Pour l'arrêté semestriel ne recevant pas de notification de la part des organismes de recouvrement, la CADES estime les produits à recevoir sur la base des versements reçus au mois de juillet.

Paris la Défense, le 24 septembre 2014

KPMG Audit Département de KPMG S.A.

1 de Varmael Hubert'de Vaumas Associé

Référence : HV-143-01 - Période du 1er janvier 2014 au 30 juin 2014

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MODIFICATION TO THE SUMMARY AND ISSUE SPECIFIC SUMMARY OF THE PROGRAMME

Element B.12 (*Selected historical key financial information*) of the Summary and the Issue Specific Summary of the Programme as modified below replaces in its entirety Element B.12 (*Selected Historical Key Financial Information*) at pages 8-9 and 217-218 of the Base Prospectus.

B.12 Selected historical key financial information:	(in millions of euros)	As at 30 June 2014	As at 31 December 2013	As at 31 December 2012	
		Treasury bills and other bills eligible for refinancing with central banks	1,540.01	7,000.39	4,353.68
		Total assets and liabilities	7,972.47	10,011.02	11,912.77
		Sub-total – Debts	145,346.86	142,749.76	149,376.26
		Sub-total – Reserves	(137,374.64)	132,738.98	(137,463.72)
	Net profit for the period then ended	5,364.35	12,443.31	11,949.07	
		December 2013.	naterial adverse change gnificant change in the		

Element B.12 (*Informations financières historiques clés sélectionnées*) in the French translation of the Summary and the Issue Specific Summary as modified below replaces in its entirety Element B.12 (*Informations financières historiques clés sélectionnées*) at pages 17-18 and 226-227 of the Base Prospectus.

B.12 Informations financières historiques clés sélectionnées :	(en millions d'euros)	Au 30 juin 2014	Au 31 décembre 2013	Au 31 décembre 2012	
	Bons du Trésor et autres bons éligibles pour le refinancement auprès des banques centrales	1.540,01	7.000,39	4.353,68	
	Total actifs et passifs	7.972,47	10.011,02	11.912,77	
		Sub-total - Dettes	145.346,86	142.749,76	149.376,26
		Sub-total - Réserves	(137.374,64)	132.738,98	(137.463,72)
	Résultat net pour la période	5.364,35	12.443,31	11.949,07	
		Aucune détérioration n' 31 décembre 2013. Aucun changement sign n'est survenu depuis le 3	nificatif de la situatio		

MODIFICATION TO THE GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION

Paragraph 2 of the section entitled "General Information" on page 253 of the Base Prospectus is deemed to be replaced as follows:

"Except as disclosed in the Base Prospectus, there has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuer since 30 June 2014, and no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2013."

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Individual assuming responsibility for the Prospectus Supplement

In the name of the Issuer

I declare, having taken all reasonable measures for this purpose, that the information contained in this Supplement is true to my knowledge and there has been no omission of material facts.

The semi-annual accounts which are contained in this Supplement have been subject to a limited review by the independent auditor. The report of the independent auditor, on pages 46 to 48 of this Supplement contains an observation.

Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale

President

Patrice RACT MADOUX

On 8 October 2014 in Paris



AUTORITÉ DES MARCHÉS FINANCIERS

Autorité des marchés financiers

In accordance with articles L.412-1 and L.621-8 of the French *Code monétaire et financier* and with the General Regulations (*Règlement général*) of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* (AMF), in particular articles 212-31 to 212-33, the AMF has granted to this Supplement the *visa* n°14-541 on 8 October 2014. This document was prepared by the Issuer and its signatories assume responsibility for it. In accordance with article L.621-8-1-I of the French *Code monétaire et financier*, the *visa* was granted following an examination by the AMF of "*whether the document is complete and comprehensible, and whether the information it contains is coherent*". It does not imply any approval of the opportunity of the operation or authentification of the accounting and financial data set out in it. In accordance with article 212-32 of the AMF's General Regulations, any issue or admission of the securities under the terms of this prospectus will lead to a publication of the final terms.

RESPONSABILITÉ DU SUPPLÉMENT AU PROSPECTUS

Personne qui assume la responsabilité du présent Supplément au Prospectus

Au nom de l'émetteur

J'atteste, après avoir pris toutes mesures raisonnables à cet effet, que les informations contenues dans le présent Supplément au Prospectus, sont, à ma connaissance, conformes à la réalité et ne comportent pas d'omission de nature à en altérer la portée.

Les comptes semestriels incorporés dans le présent Supplément au Prospectus ont fait l'objet d'un rapport de l'auditeur indépendant figurant en pages 49 à 51 du présent Supplément, lequel contient une observation.

Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale

Président

Patrice RACT MADOUX

Le 8 octobre 2014 à Paris

